

First Lecture of CS202: Advanced Operating Systems

Hung-Wei Tseng

CS202: Let's say something!

**What's your
name?**

**Why're you taking
CS202**

**What's the most
exciting thing
you did over the
holiday season?**





**What releases human beings from
the queues?**

Operating systems



Operating system



What do we want from operating systems?

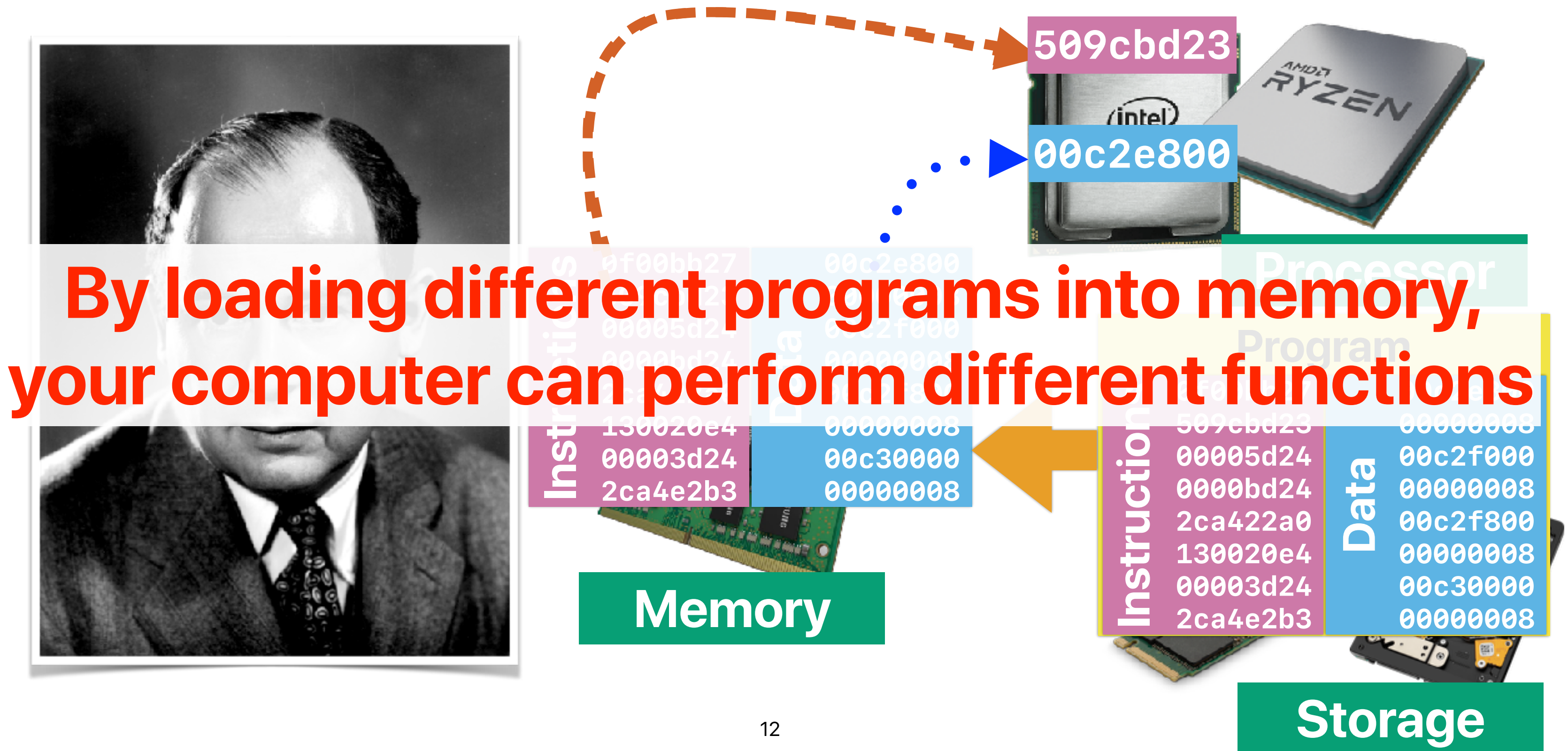
What do we want from operating systems?

- Make it easy to run programs
- Enable programs to interact with devices
- Allow programs to share hardware resources
- Support multithreaded programs
- Execute programs efficiently
- Low overhead
- Store data safely
- Secure

The basic idea of execution

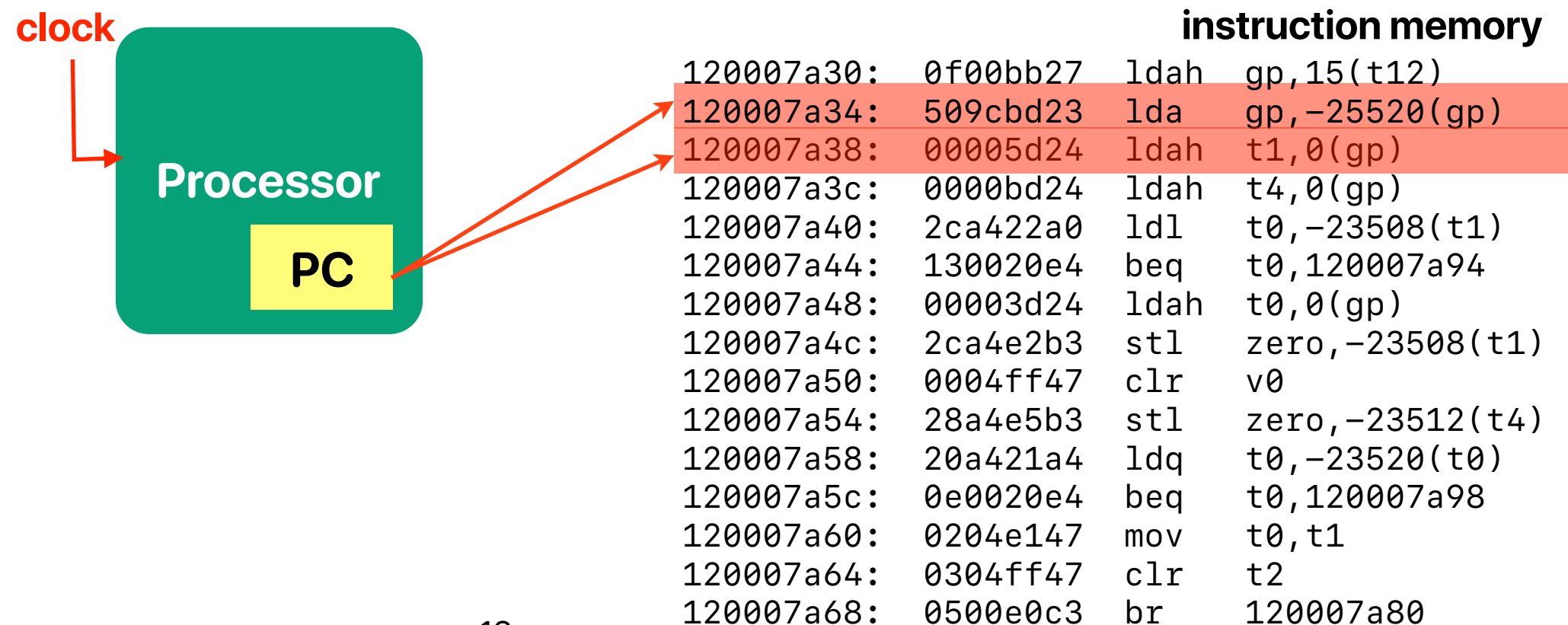


The beast: von Neumann Architecture

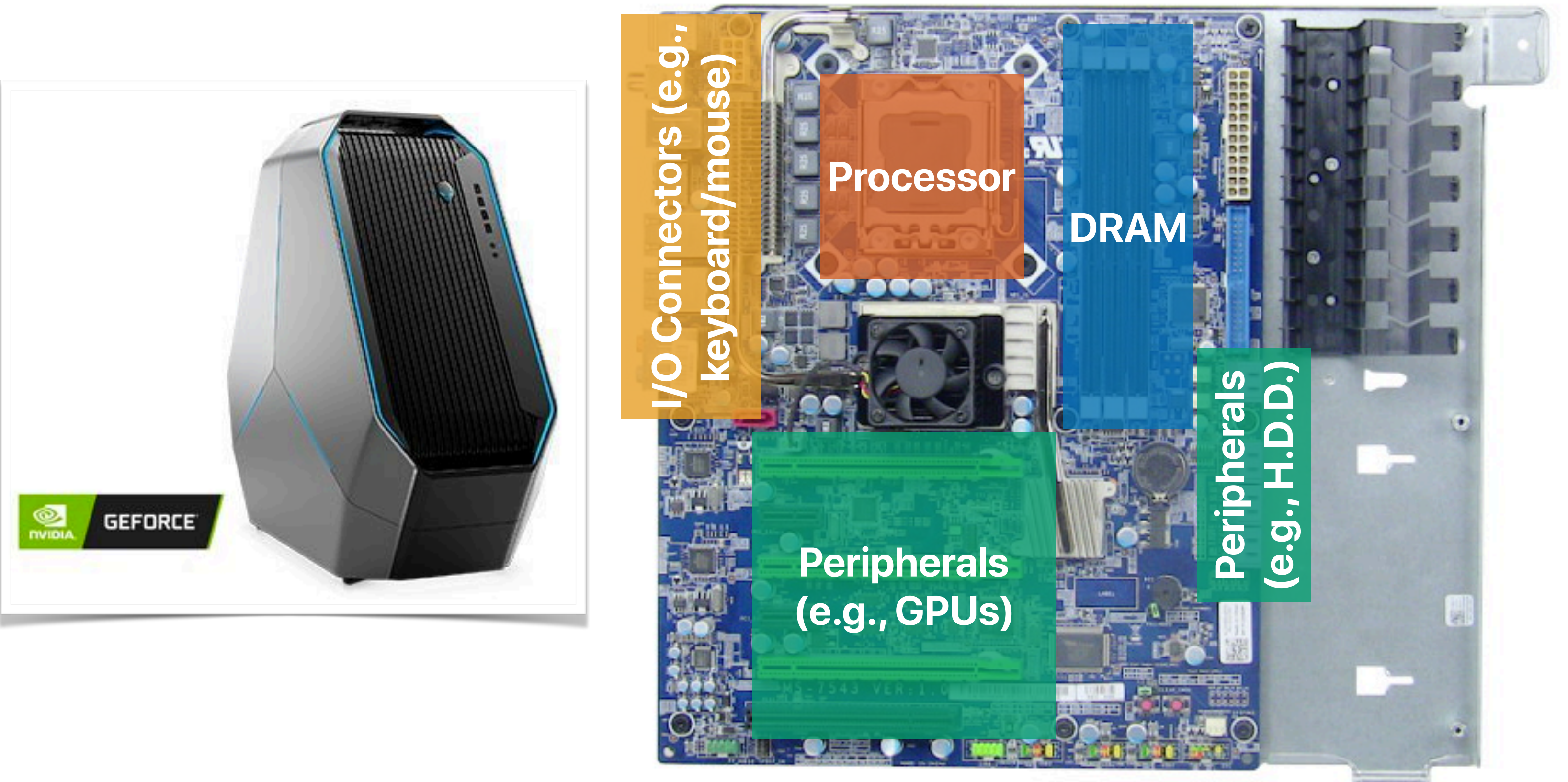


How processor executes a program

- The program counter (PC) tells where the upcoming instruction is in the memory
- Processor fetches the instruction, decode the instruction, execute the instruction, present the instruction results according to clock signals
- The processor fetches the next instruction whenever it's safe to do so



Desktop Computer



Server

I/O Connectors (e.g.,
keyboard/mouse)

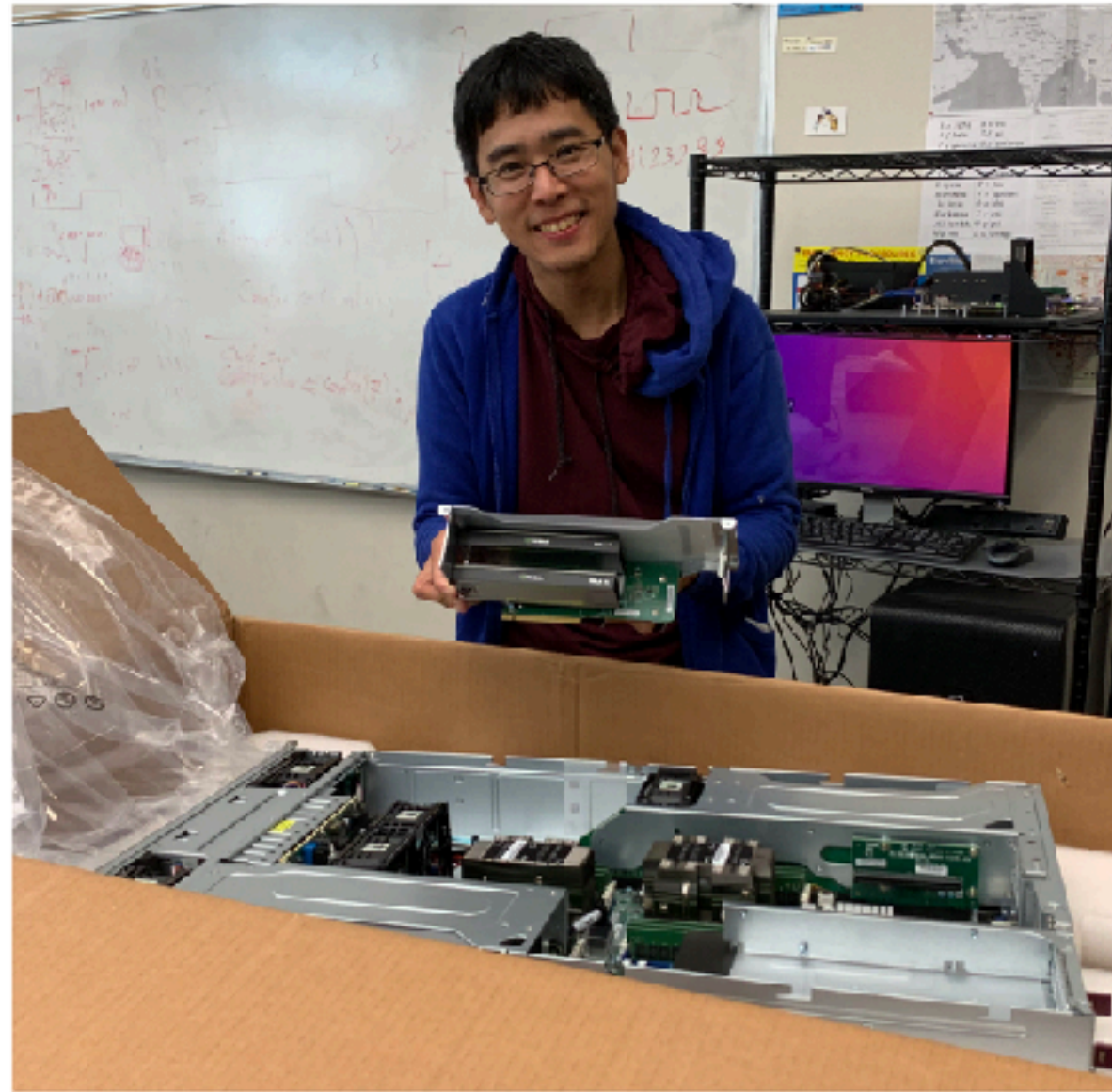
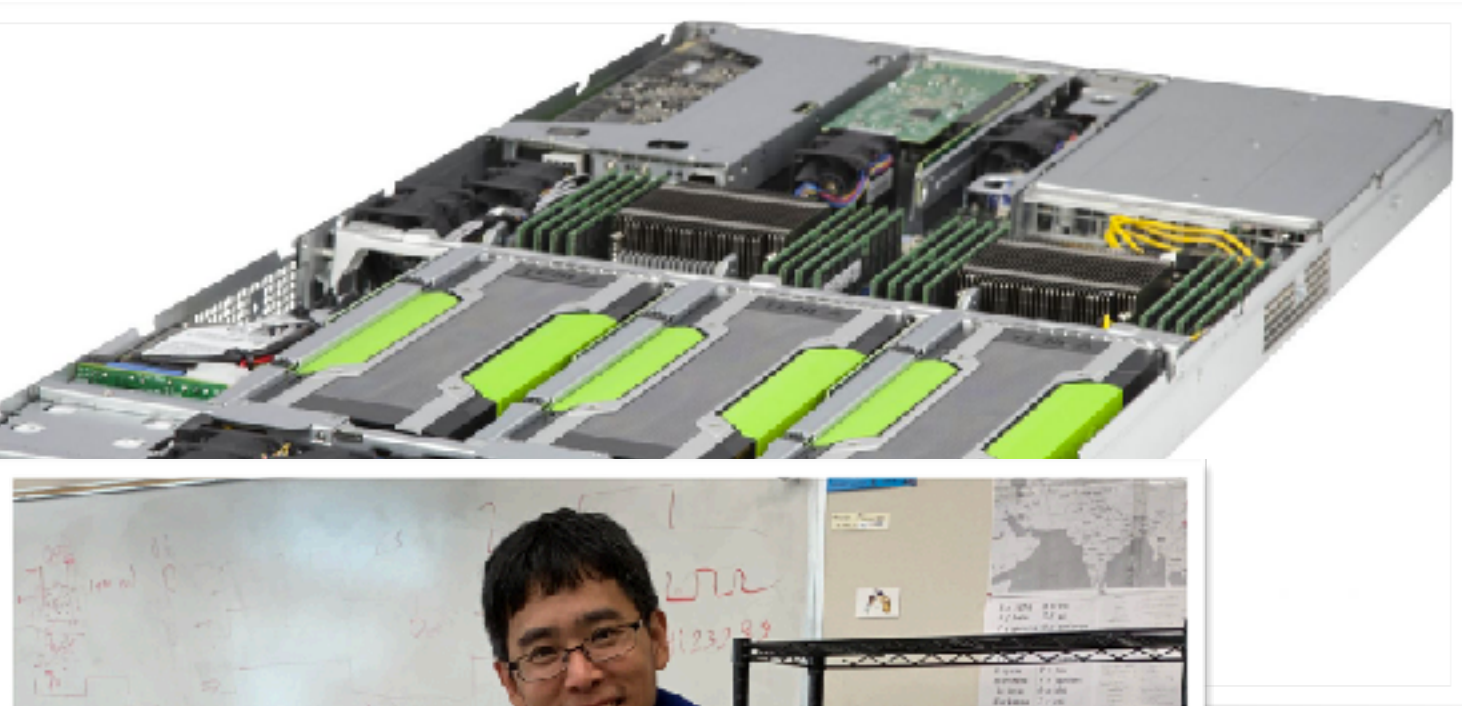
Peripher
als (e.g.,
GPUs)

DRAM DRAM DRAM DRAM

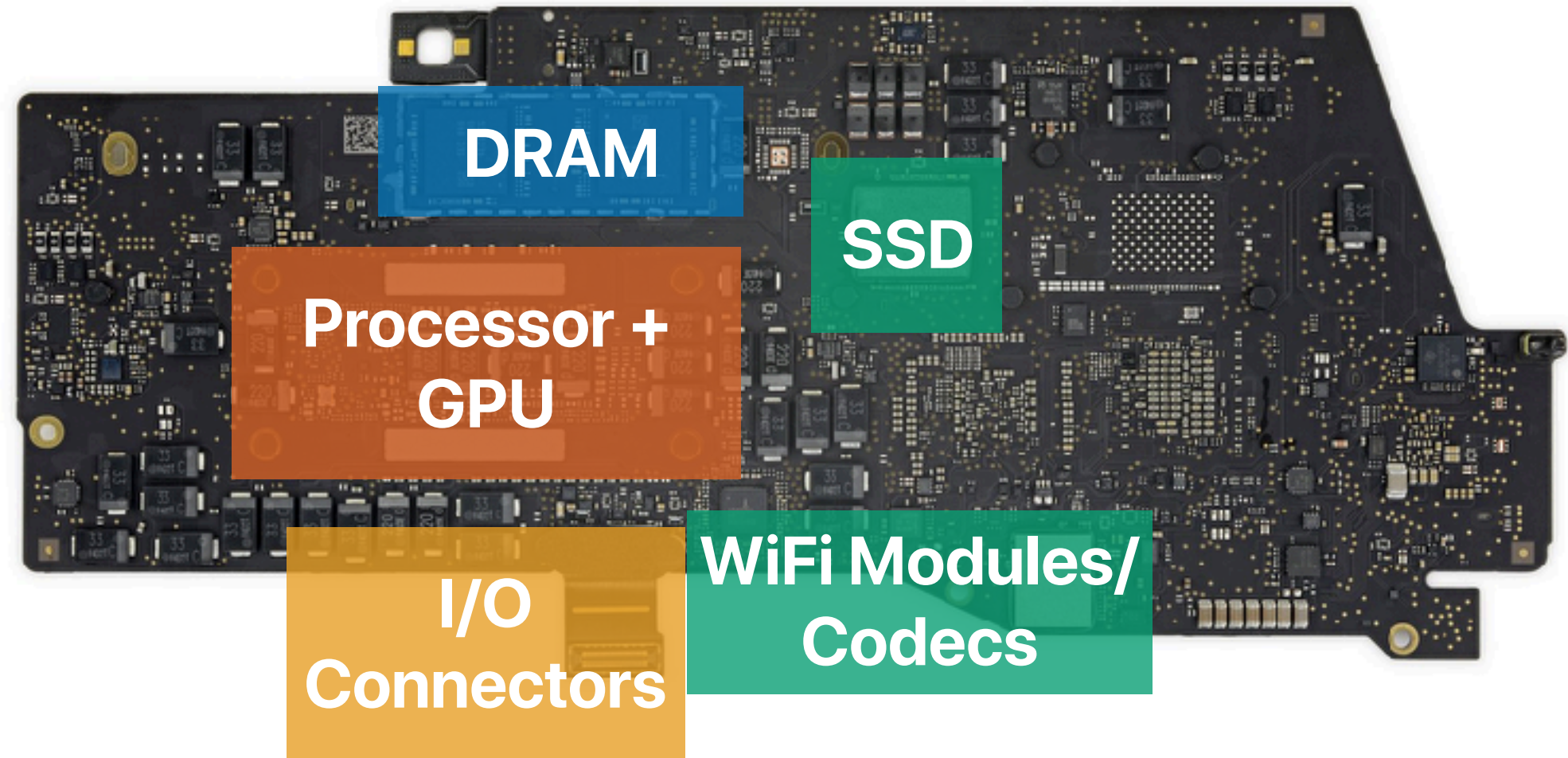
Peripherals (e.g.,
H.D.D.)

Process Processor Processor Processor

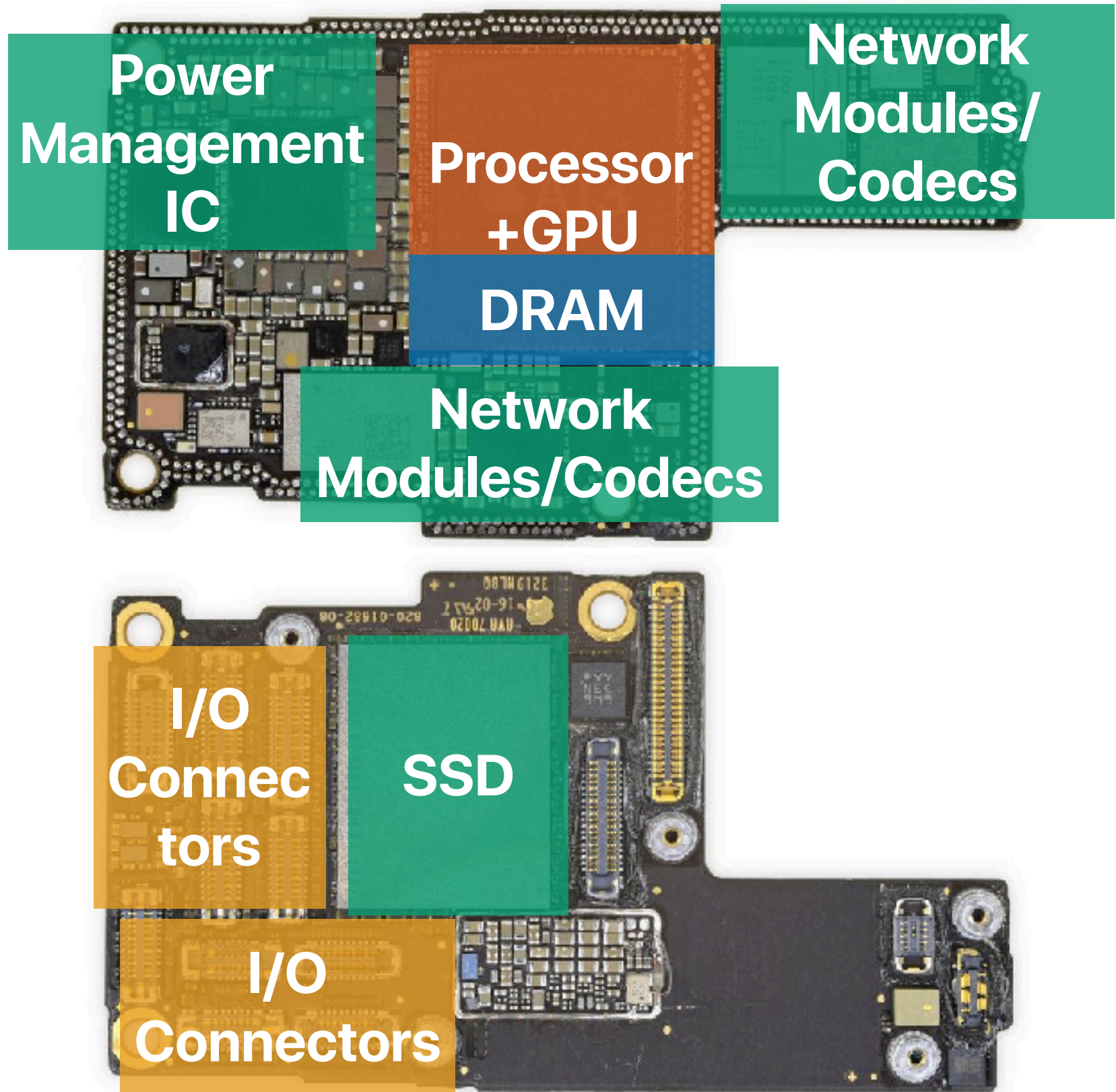
DRAM DRAM DRAM DRAM



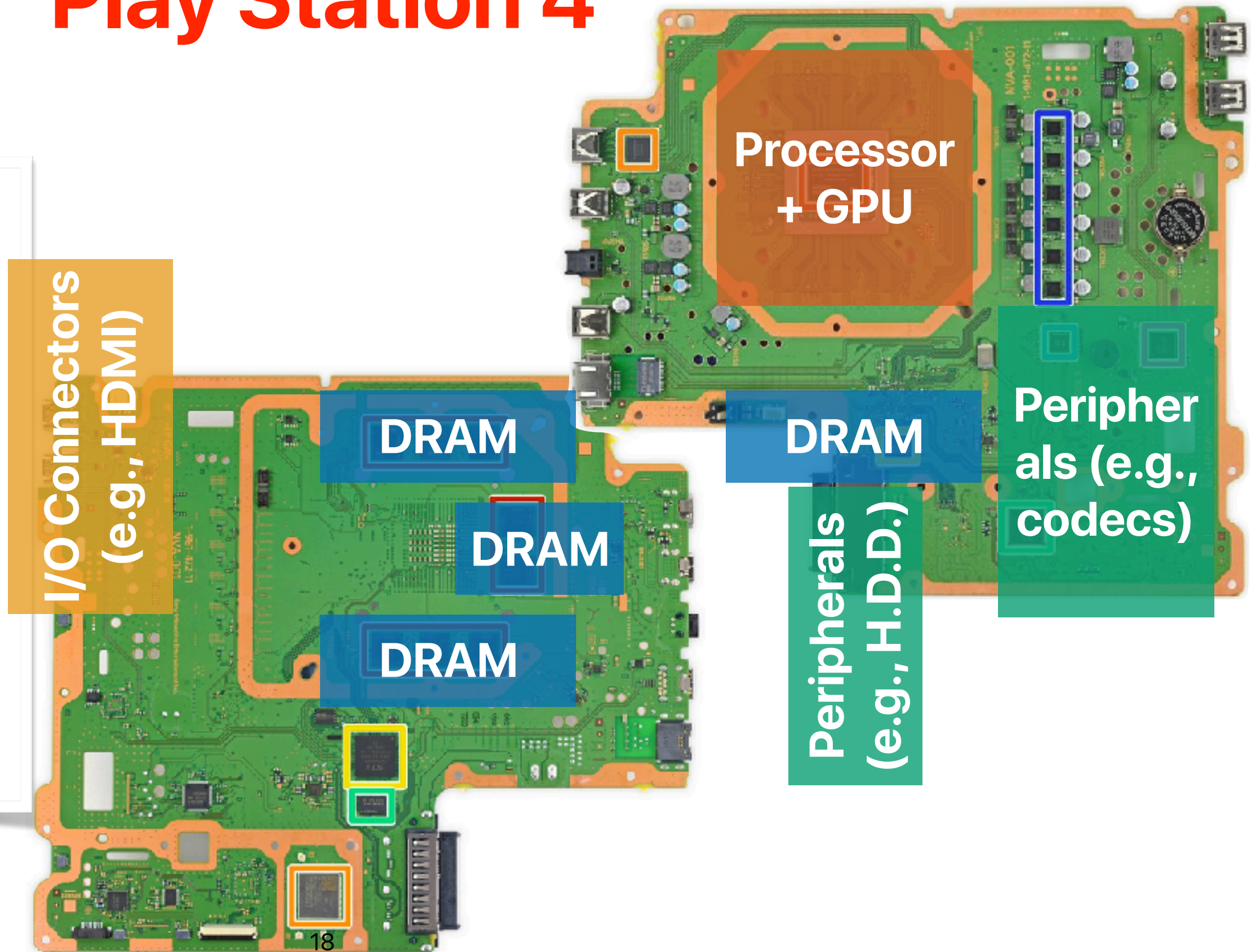
MacBook Pro 13"



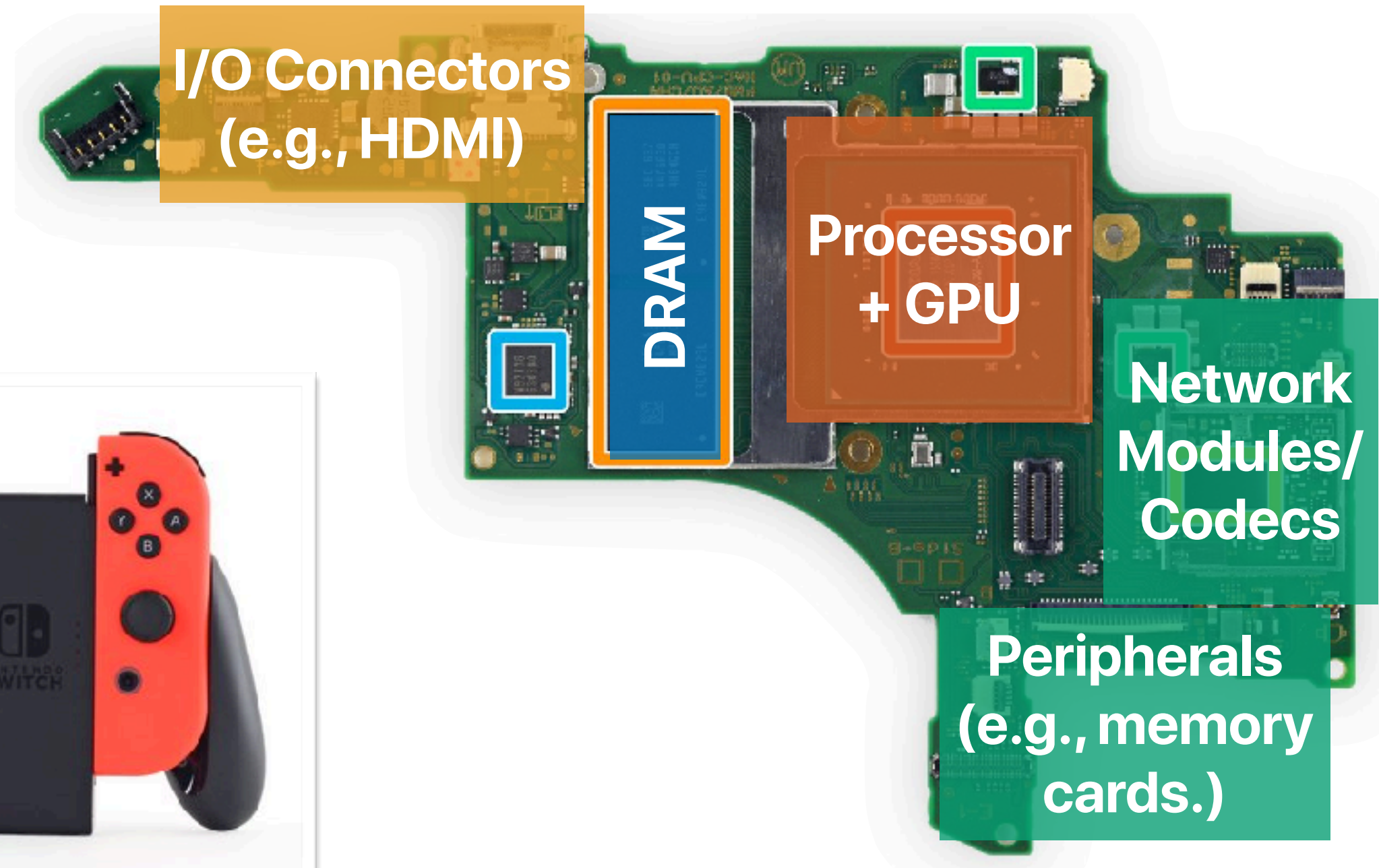
iPhone 11



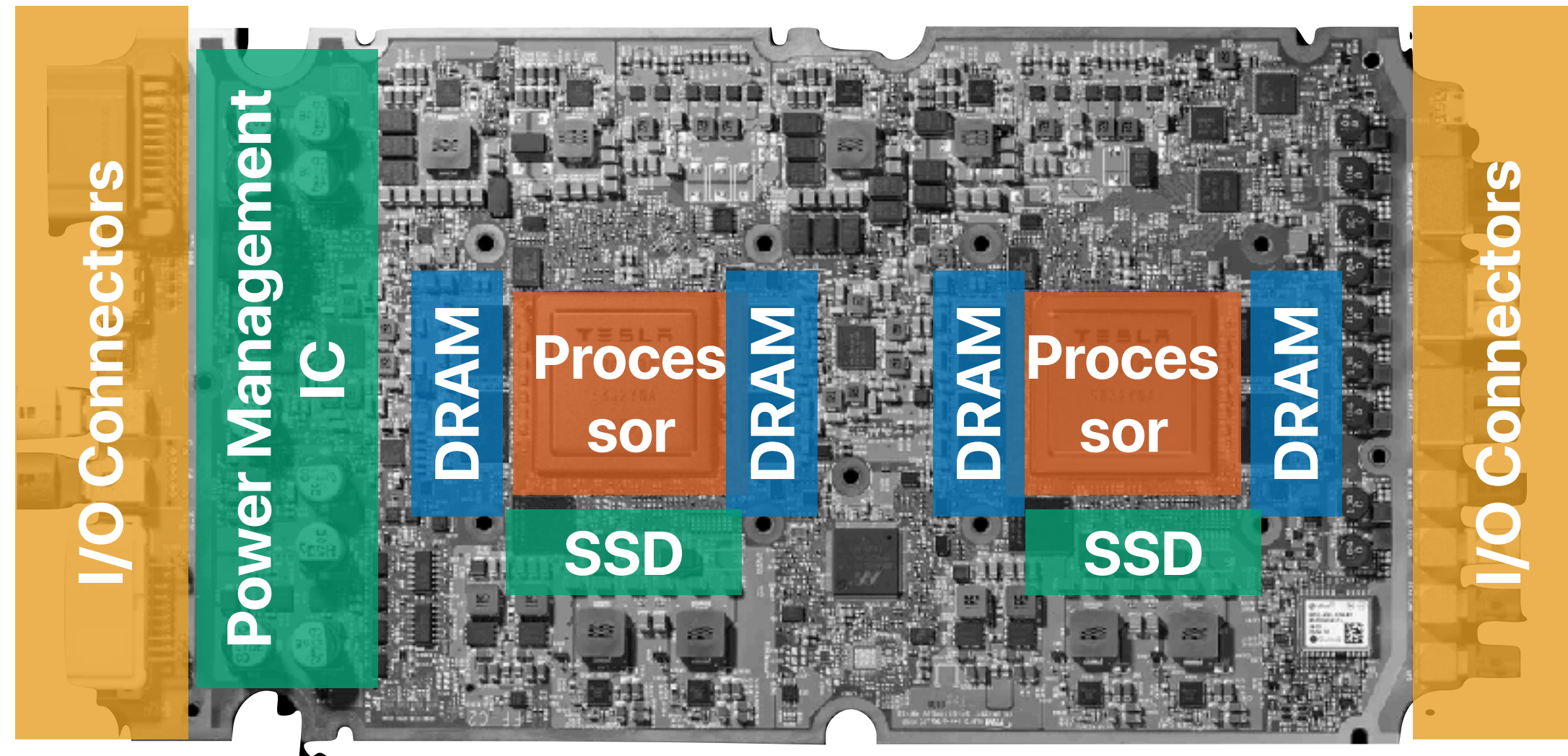
Play Station 4



Nintendo Switch



Tesla Model 3



The evolution of OSs

Batch systems: earliest type of operating systems

- Executes jobs in-order, one at a time
 - Provide storage (drum, card holder)
 - Load programs into the memory
 - Setup the processor to execute the job
 - Run until the program finishes and load the next in the queue

Batch systems

- Benefits
 - You don't have to be physically in the line, just drop your cards and take the result later
 - Keep the computer running
- Drawbacks
 - Head-of-line blocking
 - Cannot terminate a process in the middle
 - Cannot communicate among different machines
 - Hard to debug
 -

UNIX

- Created in AT&T Bell Labs, a project leading by Ken Thompson and Dennis Ritchie
 - Started in 1969, internally public in 1971, public in 1973
- Closely tied to the development of the C programming language
 - Large portion of UNIX version 2 was written in C (version 1 was written in assembly)
 - Unix was one of the first operating system kernels implemented in a language other than assembly
 - Easier to port to many other platforms

cover_letter2.pdf	q97-2.jpg
cv.tar.gz	q98-1.jpg
cv2	q98-2.jpg
cxbook-search.pdf	q99-1.jpg
deadlines.pdf	q99-2.jpg
docs	referenceform.pdf
e00-1-1.jpg	schools.pdf
e00-1-2.jpg	umac.pdf
e01-1-1.jpg	wms
e01-1-2.jpg	wu94envy.pdf
e98-1-2.jpg	yangc.pdf
e98-2-2.jpg	?C?L?????.pdf
e99-1-1.jpg	?w?x
e99-1-2.jpg	

bsd1 [/home/master/92/r92022] -r92022- cd htdocs/

bsd1 [/home/master/92/r92022/htdocs] -r92022- ls -altr

total 16

-rw-r--r--	1	r92022	graduate	153	Sep 17	2006	index.html~
-rw-r--r--	1	r92022	graduate	154	Sep 17	2006	index.html
drwxr-xr-x	2	r92022	graduate	4096	Sep 17	2006	.
drwxr-xr-x	36	r92022	graduate	4096	Aug 7	2010	..

bsd1 [/home/master/92/r92022/htdocs] -r92022- uname -a

FreeBSD bsd1.csie.ntu.edu.tw 10.3-RELEASE-p5 FreeBSD 10.3-RELEASE-p5 #30: Sun Jul 10 10:30:27 CST 2016 root@:/usr/obj/usr/src/sys/WSBSD amd64

bsd1 [/home/master/92/r92022/htdocs] -r92022- █

UNIX (cont.)

- Support **multiple users**
- Support **interprocess communication**
- First **portable** operating system
- Everything is a file
 - Max filename length: 255 bytes
- No GUI

What about this?

bunny@ubuntu: /dev

```
bunny@ubuntu: /dev$ screen /dev/ttyUSB0 115200
```

```
[screen is terminating]
```

```
bunny@ubuntu: /dev$
```

```
[sudo] password for bunny
```

```
[detached from 2205]
```

```
bunny@ubuntu: /dev$
```

```
[detached from 2343]
```

```
bunny@ubuntu: /dev$
```

```
[sudo] password for bunny
```

```
[screen is terminating]
```

```
bunny@ubuntu: /dev$
```

```
[screen is terminating]
```

```
bunny@ubuntu: /dev$
```

```
[sudo] password for bunny
```

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[screen is terminating]
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[screen is terminating]
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bunny@ubuntu: /dev$
```

```
[sudo] password for bunny
```

```
[screen is terminating]
```

```
bunny@ubuntu: /dev$ sudo screen /dev/ttyUSB0 115200
```

```
[screen is terminating]
```


Download QEMU - QEMU - Mozilla Firefox

Download QEMU-QEMU X

https://www.qemu.org/download/

HOME DOWNLOAD SUPPORT CONTRIBUTE DOCUMENTATION BLOG

Download QEMU



Linux	macOS	Windows	Source code
-------	-------	---------	-------------

QEMU is packaged by most Linux distributions:

- Arch: `pacman -S qemu`
- Debian/Ubuntu: `apt-get install qemu`
- Fedora: `dnf install @virtualization`
- Gentoo: `emerge --ask app-emulation/qemu`

It looks like you haven't started Firefox in a while. Do you want to clean it up for a fresh, like-new experience? And by the way, welcome back!

Refresh Firefox... X

UNIX (cont.)

- Support **multiple users**
- Support **interprocess communication**
- First **portable** operating system
- Everything is a file
 - Max filename length: 255 bytes
- No GUI
 - X Window provides a GUI for UNIX since 1987.
 - Now X Window is replaced by X.Org — still not part of the default system

UNIX (cont.)

- Descendants
 - BSD (Berkeley Software Distribution)
 - FreeBSD, OpenBSD, NetBSD
 - The base of Apple's MacOS X and iOS
 - Solaris
 - IBM AIX
- Affected
 - Linux
 - Started in 1983 by Richard Stallman
 - Linus Torvalds, principal developer of the Linux kernel

```
C:\Users\bunny>dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 56EB-C458
```

Directory of C:\Users\bunny

07/02/2019	08:06 AM	<DIR>	.
07/02/2019	08:06 AM	<DIR>	..
02/02/2018	11:52 PM	8,067	A125386726.pfx
02/11/2016	01:30 AM	<DIR>	Contacts
06/23/2016	08:20 AM	504	cpuz.ini
04/21/2016	01:59 PM	3,377,880	cpuz_x64.exe
11/04/2015	02:23 AM	<DIR>	Desktop
11/04/2015	02:23 AM	<DIR>	Documents
06/25/2016	01:56 AM	<DIR>	Downloads
02/11/2016	01:30 AM	<DIR>	Favorites
05/09/2017	12:02 AM	17,243,245	IRX1800.EXE
02/11/2016	01:30 AM	<DIR>	Links
11/04/2015	02:23 AM	<DIR>	Music
11/04/2015	02:23 AM	<DIR>	Pictures
07/02/2019	08:06 AM	0	qms-bmh1.bmp
07/02/2019	08:06 AM	0	qms-bmh2.bmp
07/02/2019	08:06 AM	0	qms-bmh3.bmp
06/28/2016	08:30 AM	462	quartus2.ini
07/11/2019	04:39 AM	51,806	quartus2.qreg
07/02/2019	08:06 AM	0	quartus_web_rules_file.txt
02/11/2016	01:30 AM	<DIR>	Saved Games
02/11/2016	01:30 AM	<DIR>	Searches
11/04/2015	02:23 AM	<DIR>	Videos
10 File(s)		20,681,964	bytes

DOS

- Disk Operating System
 - Originally Quick and Dirty Operating System
 - Introduced in 1981 for IBM PC based on 8086/8088
- Only 640KB memory available for applications
 - No virtual memory
 - Need quite a few tricks (EMS, XMS, QEMM, and etc.) to use all memory that you installed on the computer
- No multi-user, no multi-tasking, no multi-threading
- Notorious 8.3 filename restrictions
- No GUI
 - Now the command line environment of Windows
 - Windows is originally a graphic user interface running on DOS — like X-Window

未命名 -1 @ 100% (RGB)

100%

文件: 900K/900K

Click to add notes

關於這台電腦

Mac OS 9.1

版本: Mac OS 9.1 Mac OS ROM 7.8.1
內建記憶體: 256 MB
虛擬記憶體: 已關上
最大可用記憶體塊: 110.8 MB ™ & © Apple Computer, Inc. 1983-2001

Adobe® Photoshop® 6.0.1	44.3 MB	
Mac OS	70.7 MB	
MacAmp™ 2.0.1	6.9 MB	
Microsoft PowerPoint	17.1 MB	
TTConverter	475 K	
麥金塔英漢字典	155 K	

CodeWarrior IDE 4.0

Player

Dreamweaver 4

Drege

EnterNet 300 1.11 中文

EnterNet 300 alias

垃圾桶

Virtual PC™

MacOS "Classic"

- Released in 1984 w/ the legendary Macintosh
- Adopted GUI/mouses from Xerox PARC
- The first popularized all GUI OS
- Support multitasking
- Not a multi-user system



OS/2 System



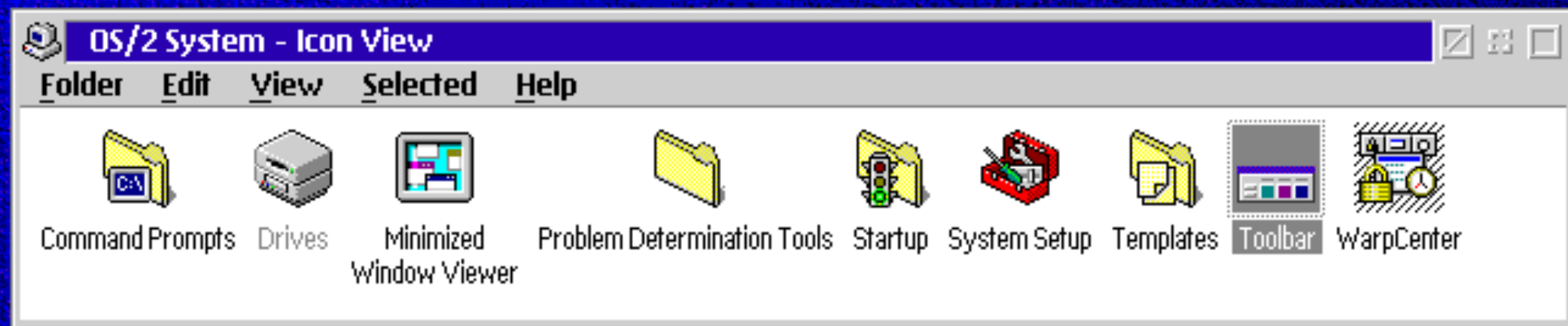
Assistance Center



Connections



Programs



OS/2[®] WARP



Shredder

OS/2 Warp

- Released in 1987, discontinued in 2006
- First true 32-bit OS on x86
- Was developed together by IBM/MS to be the GUI OS alternative to DOS



My Computer



Network
Neighborhood



Inbox



Recycle Bin



The Microsoft
Network



My Briefcase

Welcome



Welcome to Windows 95



Did you know...

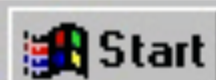
To open a program, you just click the Start button, and then click the program's icon.



What's New

One Registration

Close

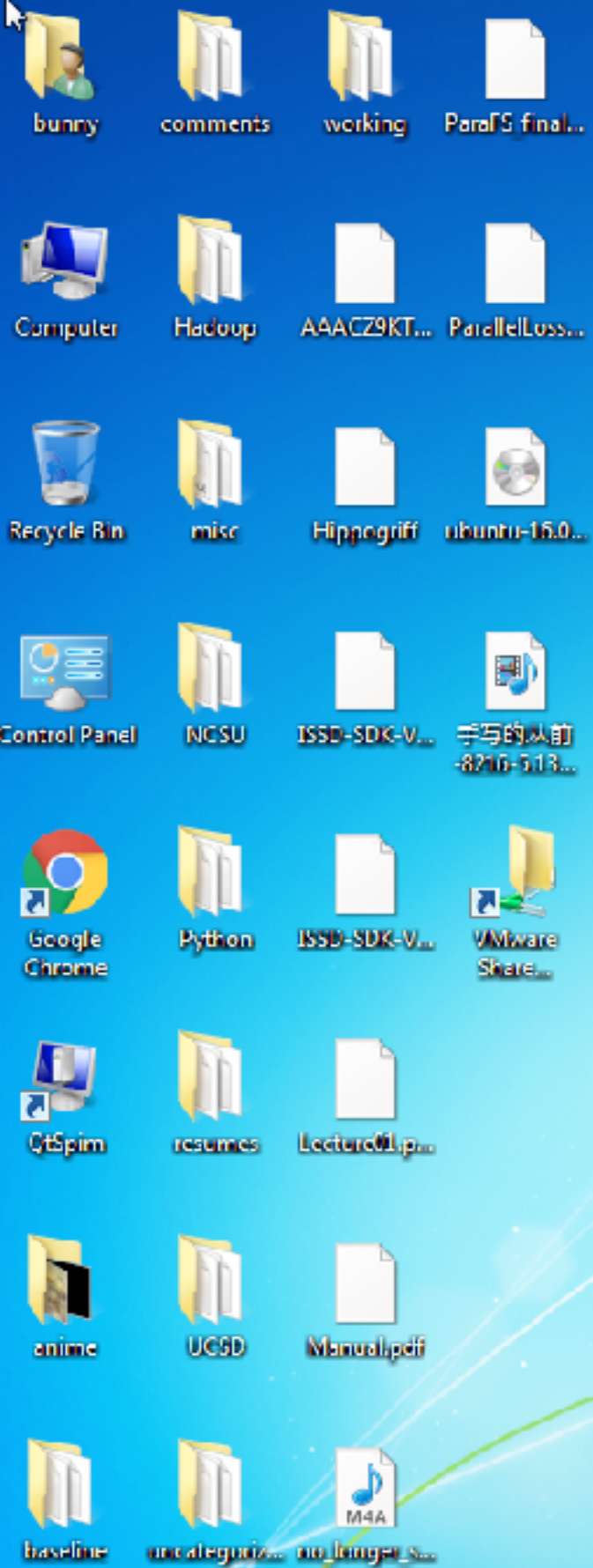


Welcome

6:18 PM

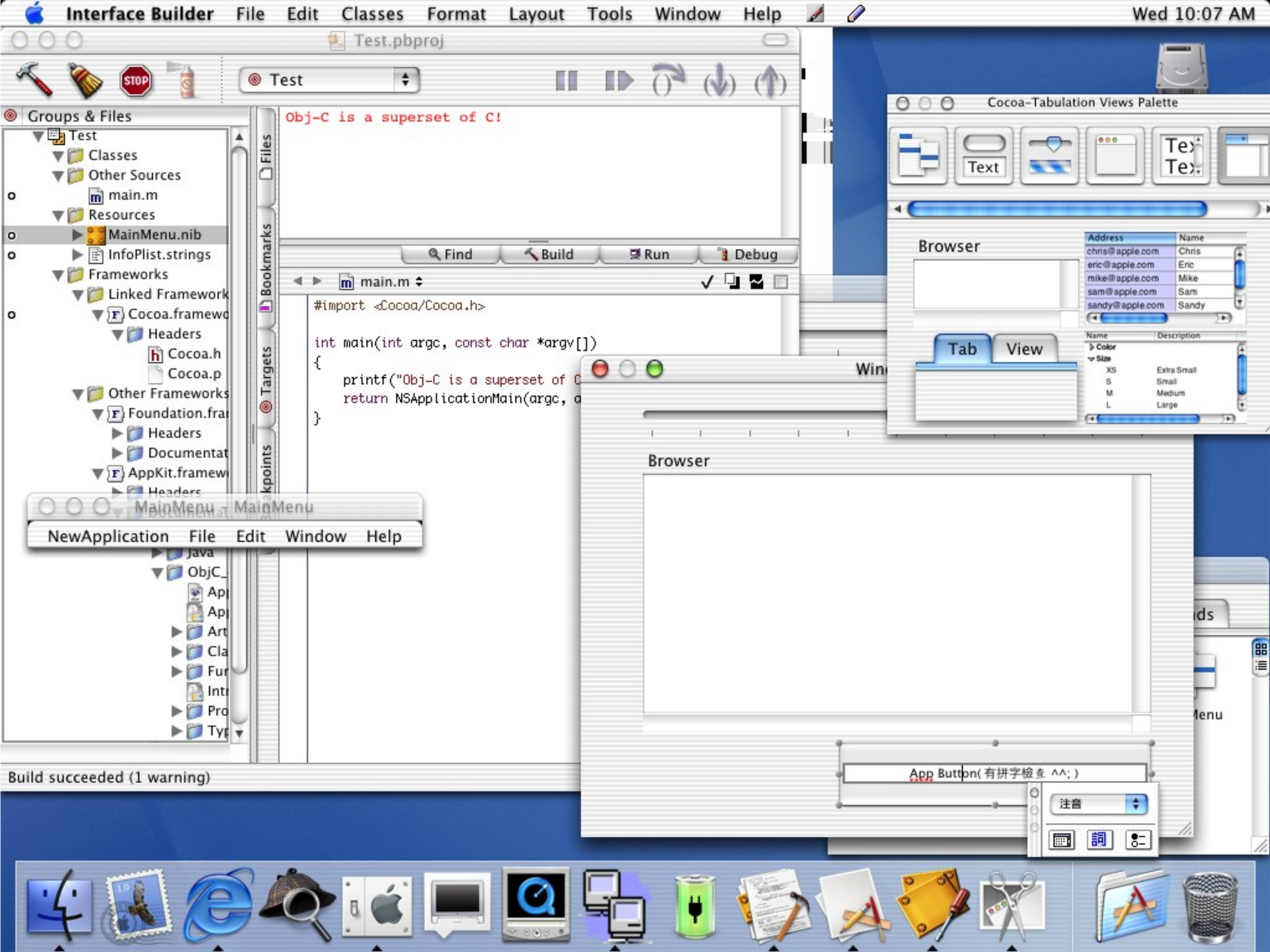
Windows 95/98/ME

- Before Windows 95, was a GUI operating “environment” on DOS
 - You cannot directly boot your machine using early versions of Windows
 - Similar to X-window, Xorg in UNIX/Linux
- First full-fledged Windows OS introduced in 95 as Windows 95



Windows NT/2000/XP/Vista/7/8/10

- Originally for servers, initially released in 1993
- First true 32-bit Windows OS, Windows Vista/7 started to become natively 64-bit
- Support multi-user, multi-tasking
- NTFS: more secure, modernized file system
- Different driver model than DOS/Windows 95
- Most code in C/C++, reasonably portable (IA-32, x86-64, DEC Alpha, MIPS, PowerPC, ARM, Itanium)



Overview Displays Storage Memory Support Service

macOS High Sierra

Version 10.13.1 (17B48)

Go ahead, I'm listening...

Built-in Display Search

Display Color Night Shift



Resolution: ☐ Default for display ☒ Scaled

1366 × 768

1280 × 720

Brightness:

AirPlay Display: Off

☒ Show mirroring options in the menu bar when available

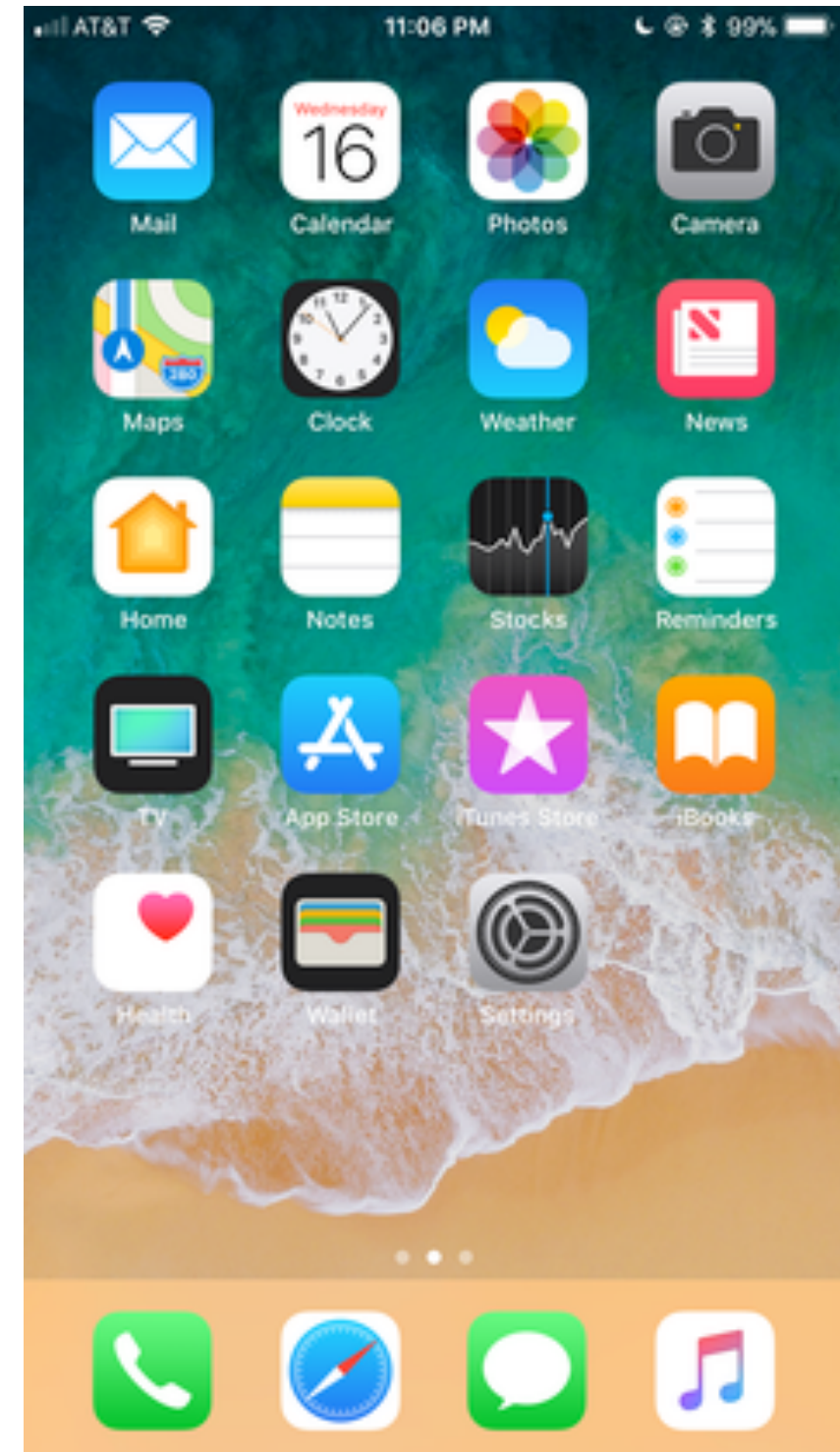


MacOS X

- Initially released in 2001
- Originated from NeXTSTEP, a company Steve Jobs funded after leaving from Apple in 1985
- Darwin: based on Mach and BSD kernels
 - Inherits all the good things from UNIX
 - Better integration with GUI
- Shares the same kernel with iOS

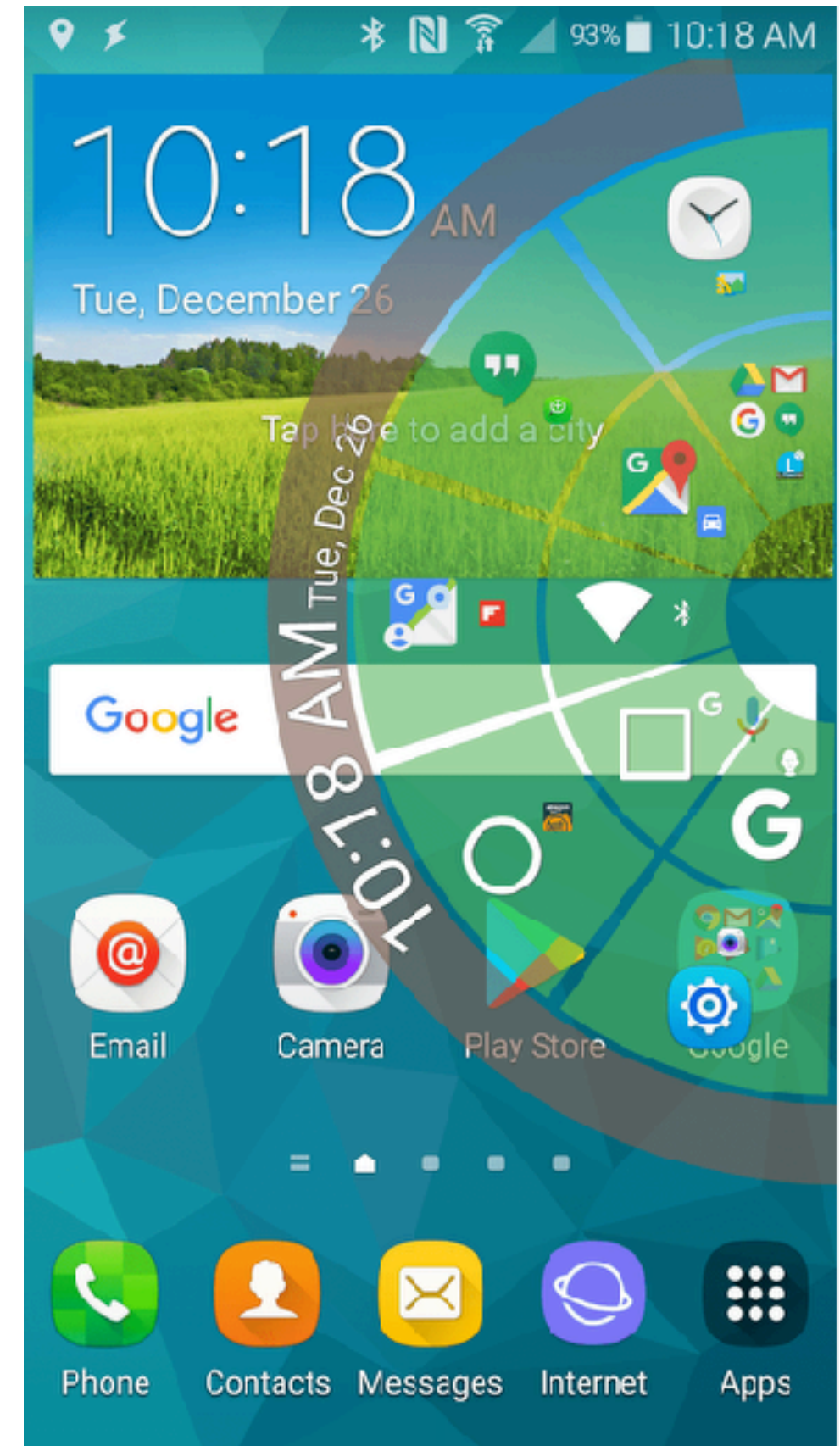
iOS

- Share the same kernel foundation with MacOS X
- The 2nd most popular mobile OS



Android

- Based on Linux
- The most popular operating system since 2014



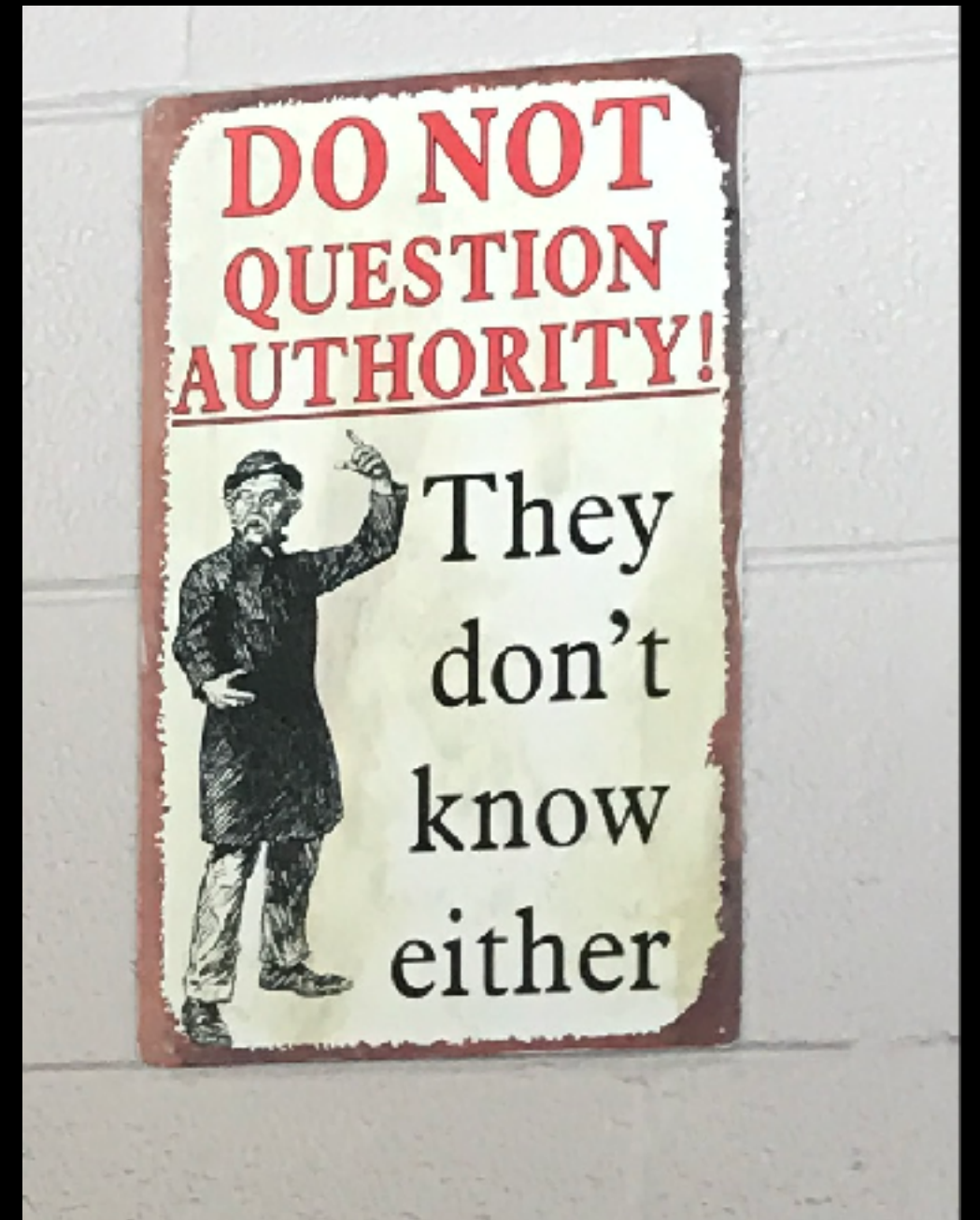
What modern operating systems support?

- **Virtualize** hardware/architectural resources
 - Easy for programs to interact with hardware resources
 - Share hardware resource among programs
 - Protect programs from each other (security)
- Execute multithreaded programs **concurrently**
 - Support multithreaded programming model
 - Execute multithreaded programs efficiently
- Store data **persistently**
 - Store data safely
 - Secure

CS202: Advanced Operating Systems

Advanced

Why?
What?
How?



What?

How?

[illegible]

CS202 Lecture

Why?

What?

How?

CS202 Project

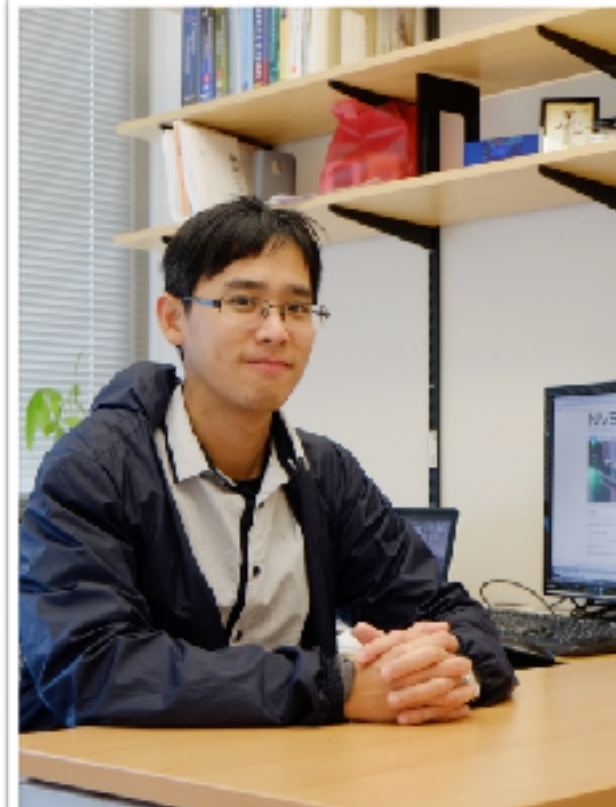
Logistics

Course resource

- Lectures: TuTh 6:30p-7:50p, WCH 142
- Schedule, slides on **course webpage**:
<https://www.escalab.org/classes/cs202-2020wi/>
- Discussion on **piazza**:
<https://piazza.com/class/k53188n4ht71em>
- Reading quizzes, homework submissions on **iLearn**:
<https://ilearn.ucr.edu/>
- We do **podcasting**:
TBA

Instructor — Hung-Wei Tseng

- Website:
<https://intra.engr.ucr.edu/~htseng/>
- Office hour:
WTh 1:00p-2:00p @ WCH 406
- E-mail: htseng@ucr.edu
- BS/MS in **Computer Science**,
National Taiwan University
- PhD in **Computer Science**,
University of California, San Diego
- Research Interests
 - Intelligent storage devices
 - Non-volatile memory based systems
 - Near-data processing
 - Anything could accelerate applications



Teaching Assistant — Zhenxiao Qi

- Office hours: TuF 2p-3p @ WCH 110
- E-mail: zqi020@ucr.edu

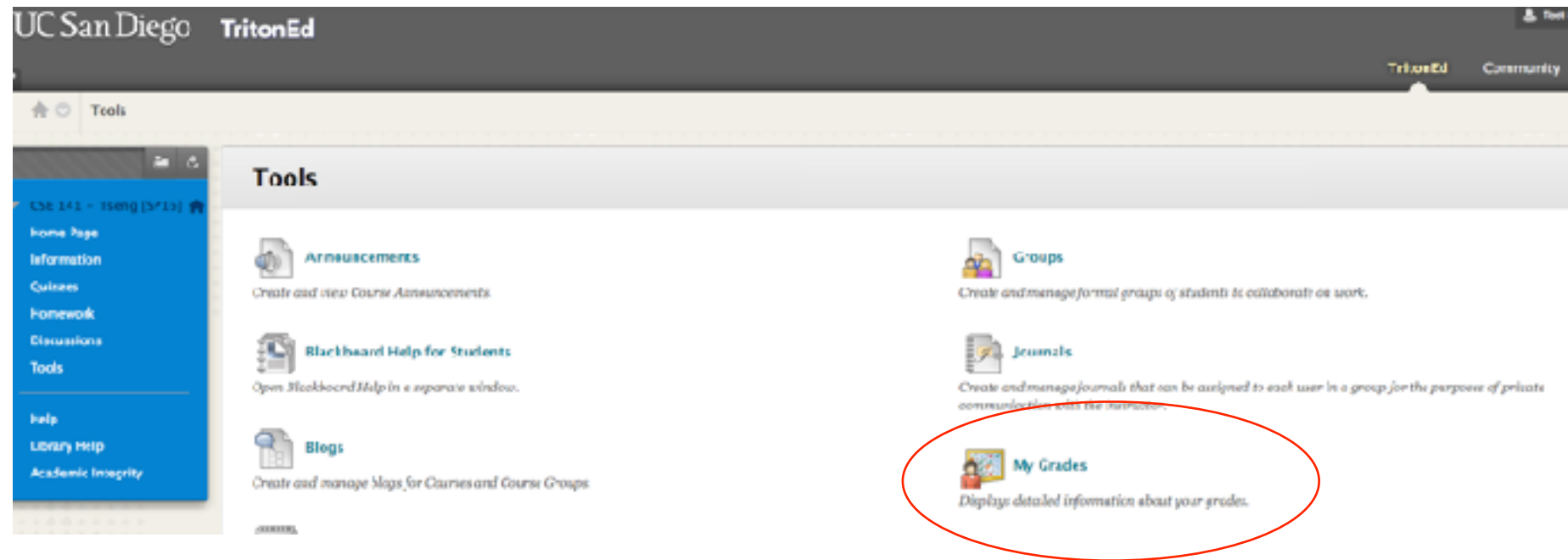


Your tasks

- Login/discussion in iLearn and piazza.
- Read the text before class!
 - **Operating Systems: Three Easy Pieces Remzi H. Arpaci-Dusseau and Andrea C. Arpaci-Dusseau**
(free online <http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~remzi/OSTEP/>)
 - I'm not going to cover everything in class, but you are responsible for all the assigned text.
 - Papers
- Reading quizzes in iLearn (10%)
- Come to class (10%) — through Clickers
- **Project (20%)**
- **Midterm (20%)** — take home/online midterm
- **Final (40%)**

Grading

- You can see your grades on iLearn.



- Errors in grading
 - If you feel there has been an error in how an assignment or test was graded, you have one week from when the assignment is return to bring it to our attention. You must submit (via email to the instructor and the appropriate TAs) a written description of the problem. Neither I nor the TAs will discuss regrades without receiving an email from you about it first.
- For arithmetic errors (adding up points etc.)
 - you do not need to submit anything in writing, but the one week limit still applies.

Academic Honesty

- Don't cheat.
 - Cheating on a test will get you an F in the class and no option to drop, and a visit with your college dean.
 - Cheating on homework means you don't have to turn them in any more, but you don't get points either. You will also take at least 25% penalty on the exam grades.
- Copying solutions of the internet or a solutions manual is cheating
 - They are incorrect sometimes
- Review the UCR student handbook
- When in doubt, ask.

**Learning
eXperience**

Most lectures today ...



I expect the lecture to be...



You

Me



Peer instruction

- I'll bring in activities to ENGAGE you in exploring your understanding of the material
 - Let you practice
 - Bring out misconceptions
 - Let us LEARN from each other about difficult parts.
- You will be GET CREDIT for your efforts to learn in class
 - By answering questions with a clicker (Poll Everywhere)
 - Answer 80% of the clicker questions in class, get 10% of your final grade

Peer instruction

- Before the lecture — You need to complete the required **reading**
- During the lecture — I'll bring in activities to ENGAGE you in exploring your understanding of the material
 - Popup questions
 - Individual **thinking** — use your clicker to express your opinion
 - Group **discussion** — use your clicker to express your group's opinion
 - Whole-classroom **discussion** — we would like to hear from you

Read

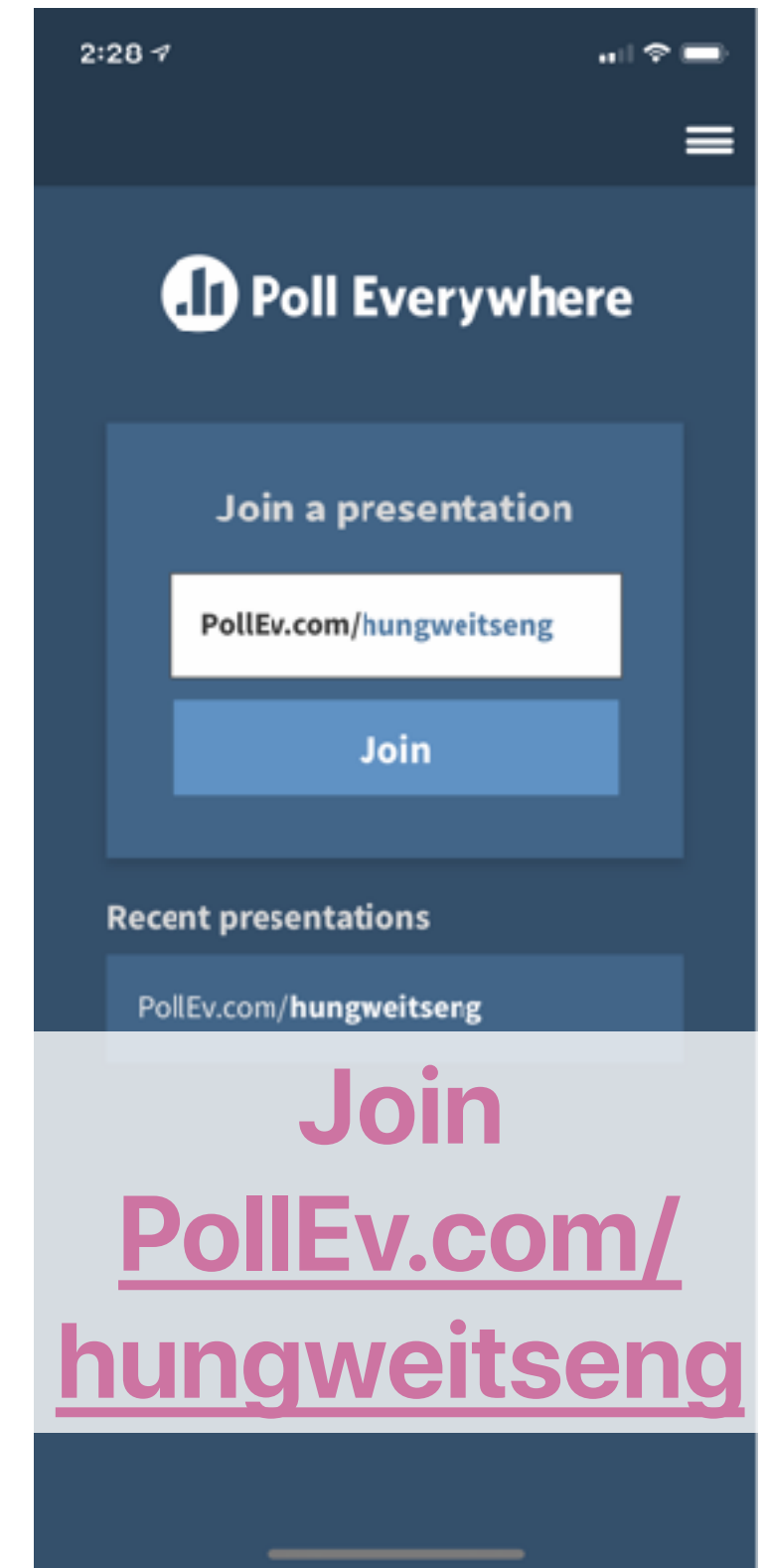
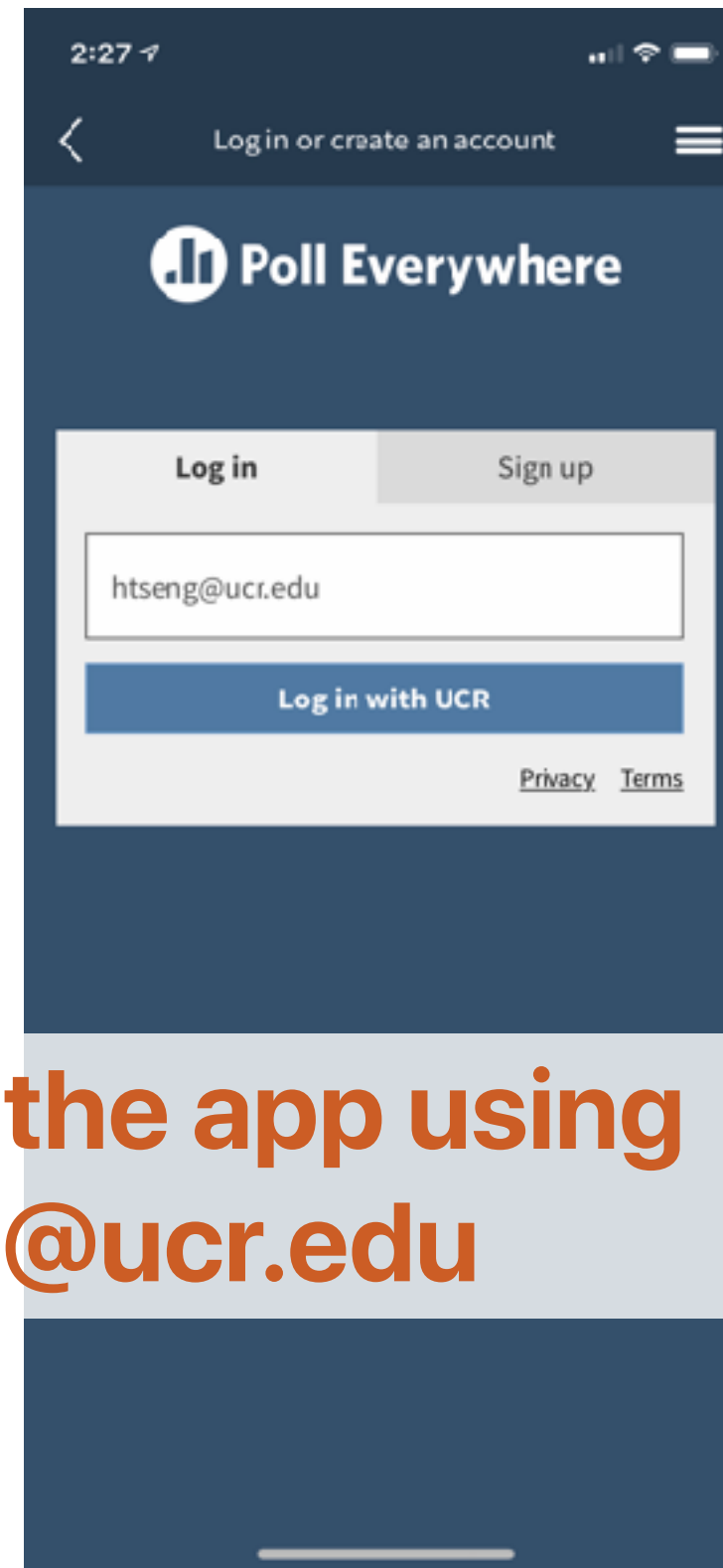
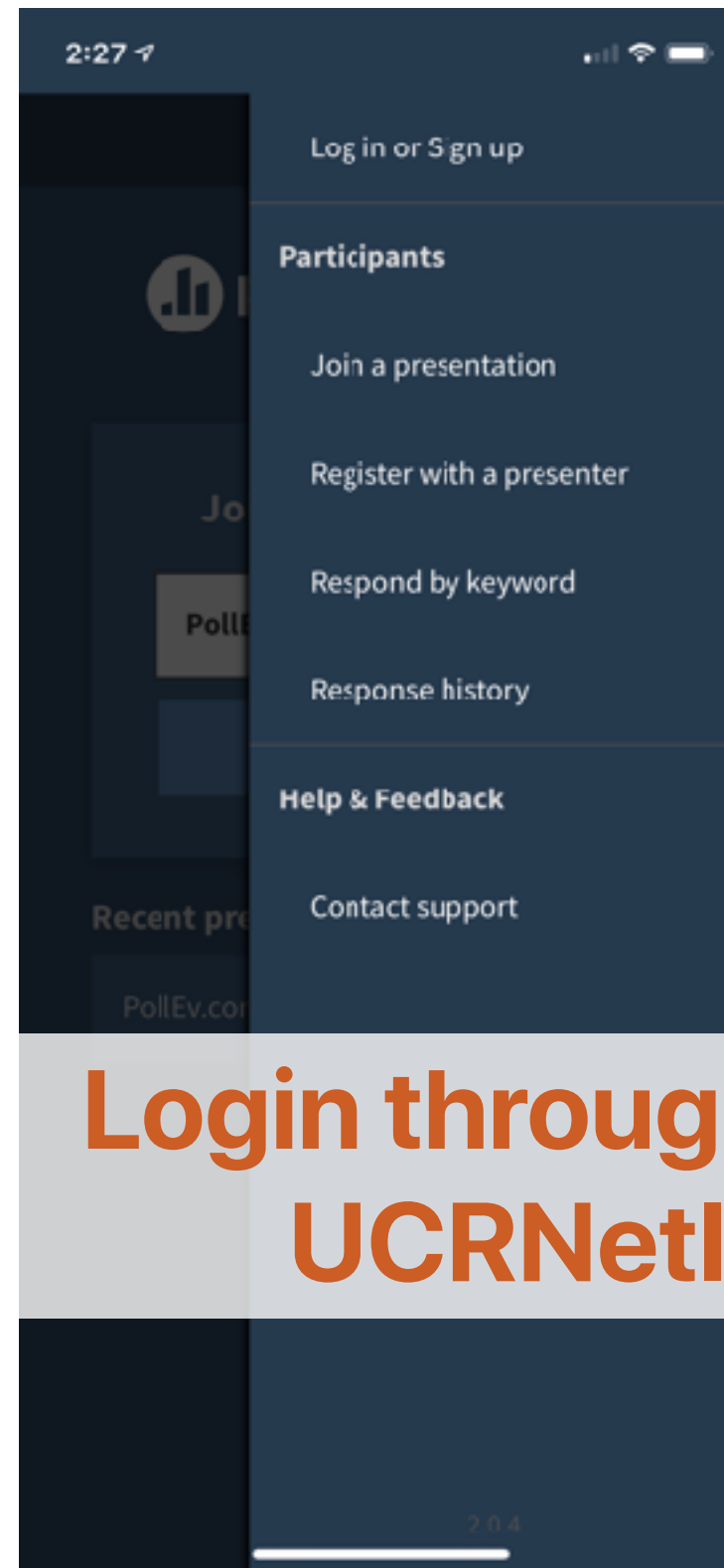
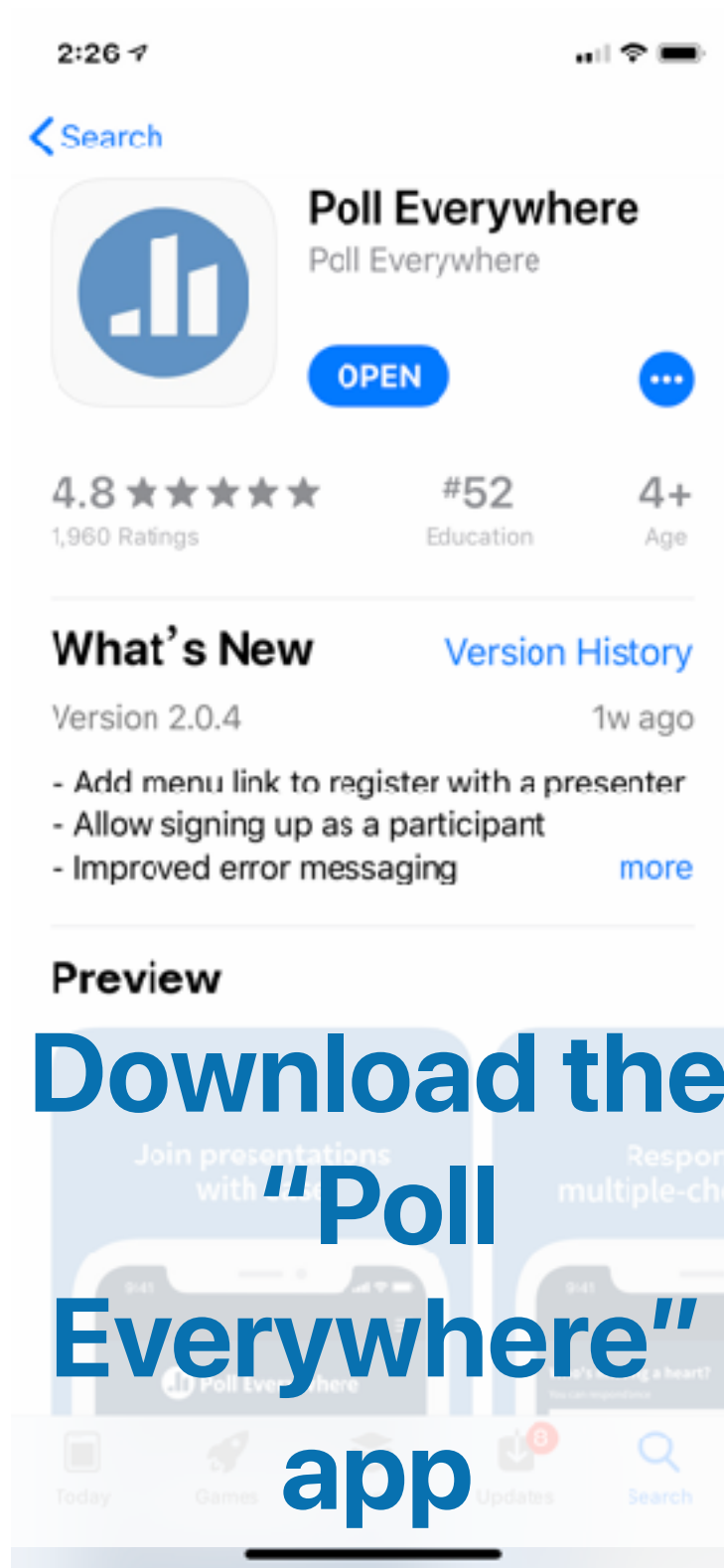
Think

Discuss

Before lectures: reading quizzes

- Reading assignments from
 - Textbook: Operating Systems: Three Easy Pieces Remzi H. Arpaci-Dusseau and Andrea C. Arpaci-Dusseau
(free online <http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~remzi/OSTEP/>)
 - Papers — at least get through those “focuses” listed in the schedule
- Reading quizzes:
 - On iLearn
 - Due before the lecture, usually once a week. Check the schedule on our webpage
 - You will have two chances. We take the average
 - No time limitation until the deadline
 - No make up reading quizzes — we will drop probably one or two lowest at least

About the time of the Lecture — Setup polling everywhere



Login through the app using
UCRNetID@ucr.edu

During lectures: peer instruction

- I'll bring in activities to ENGAGE you in exploring your understanding of the material
 - Let you practice
 - Bring out misconceptions
 - Let us LEARN from each other about difficult parts.
- You will GET CREDITS for your efforts to learn in class
 - By answering questions with a clicker
 - Answer 80% of the clicker questions in 80% of the lectures, get 10% of your final grade

Schedule

	Topic	Reading	Slides (Preview)	Slides (Release)	Due
1/7/2020	Intro				
1/9/2020	The Structure of Operating Systems and the Abstraction of Processes	Arpaci-Dusseau Chapter 2, 4, 6			
1/14/2020	The Structure of Operating Systems	The Structure of the ‘THE’-Multiprogramming System HYDRA: The Kernel of a Multiprocessor Operating System			
1/16/2020	Processes & Threads	The UNIX Time-Sharing System Mach: A New Kernel Foundation For UNIX Development Arpaci-Dusseau Chapter 5, 26, 27			
1/21/2020	Processes & Threads	Arpaci-Dusseau Chapter 28, 29, 30, 31			
1/23/2020	Processes/Threads Scheduling	Arpaci-Dusseau Chapter 7 An experimental time-sharing system			
1/28/2020	Processes/Threads Scheduling	Lottery Scheduling: Flexible Proportional-Share Resource Management. Scheduler Activations: Effective Kernel Support for the User-level Management of Parallelism			
1/30/2020	Virtual memory	Arpaci-Dusseau Chapter 13, 15, 16, 18			
2/4/2020	Virtual memory	Arpaci-Dusseau Chapter 20, 21, 22			
2/6/2020	Virtual memory	Virtual Memory Management in VAX/VMS Machine-Independent Virtual Memory Management for Paged Uniprocessor and Multiprocessor Architectures			
2/11/2020	Virtual memory	Converting a Swap-Based System to do Paging in an Architecture Lacking Page-Reference Bits WSCLOCK-A Simple and Effective Algorithm for Virtual Memory Management			
2/13/2020	File systems	Arpaci-Dusseau Chapter 39, 40, 41			
2/18/2020	File systems	A Fast File System for Unix The Design and Implementation of a Log-Structured File System			Midterm
2/20/2020	Fast, non-volatile memory-based storage devices	Arpaci-Dusseau Appendix–Flash-based SSDs eNVy: a non-volatile, main memory storage system Don’t stack your log on my log			
2/25/2020	Cancelled				Project
2/27/2020	Networked & cloud storage	Arpaci-Dusseau Chapter 49 The Google File System Windows Azure Storage: A Highly Available Cloud Storage Service with Strong Consistency f4: Facebook’s Warm BLOB Storage System			
3/3/2020	Distributed systems	The Sprite Network Operating System The Distributed V Kernel and its Performance for Diskless Workstations			
3/5/2020	Distributed systems	Web Search for a Planet: The Google Cluster Architecture Implementing Global Memory Management in a Workstation Cluster			
3/10/2020	Virtual machine	Arpaci-Dusseau Appendix–Virtual machines A comparison of software and hardware techniques for x86 virtualization			
3/12/2020	Final Review				
	Final Exam				

Subject to change

You need to complete the reading of the textbook and papers before lectures

Download slides after lectures

Check due dates here

**Lots of paper reading — up to 4
per week, a total of 23 this quarter!**



Background music: We're Not Gonna Take It/ Songwriter(s): Dee Snider/Performed by Twisted Sister

Why papers?

No alternative facts

- Papers are written by authors who create/invent these artifacts
 - First-hand information
 - Not being cooked by media/press...
- Papers are reviewed based on originality
- Papers are reviewed by experts without conflict of interests



Papers give you insights!

- Papers contain **design principles** that are missing in your textbook or online documents
- You can apply these design principles and the skills of analyzing these principles to anywhere (e.g. you will surprisingly find how the paper you read next week affects software engineering)
- You can learn those **whys** for those proposed work

Industry cares

[redacted]@intel.com> 2011/2/15 ☆

寄給 h1tseng ▾

Hi Hung-Wei,

I am very interested in your topic you presented yesterday. If possible, may I get a copy of

Best Regards,

[redacted]

[redacted]@freescale.com 透過 cs.ucsd.edu 2012/1/10 ☆

寄給 h1tseng ▾

Hung-Wei

I just finished reading your paper "Understanding the Impact of Power Loss on Flash Memory", very interesting information, do you have a PowerPoint presentation that goes along this paper?

2019年7月9日 週二 下午2:12 ☆

[redacted]@fb.com>

寄給 Hung-Wei ▾

Hung-wei

Given we are also working on in-memory and near-memory computing at my Boston team, I would like to see how do we work more closely to churn out even more useful results and applications for Facebook's ML models/workloads in both datacenters and edge devices and instigate new research directions.

[redacted]

[redacted]@sap.com 透過 cs.ucsd.edu

寄給 h1tseng ▾

Hi Tseng,

I have read your paper titled "Understanding the Impact of Power Loss on Flash Memory". It work. I would like to understand what specific tools did you use to observe the page-read and the FTL level. Did you use some sort of Flash simulator to get all the statistics about the num and the energy consumption? My second question would be regarding FTL algorithms. Did y real SSD or you used some kind of simulator and simulated the FTL algorithm?

Thanks.

[redacted]

SAP Research

2012/11/12 ☆

[redacted]@huawei.com> 2016/6/24 ☆

寄給 h1tseng ▾

Hi, Hung-Wei,

[redacted] from Huawei, and I am impressed by your ISCA 2016 presentation in Seoul. Near-data processing in ssds may be a promising solution for future data centers. Would you mind sending me your slides presented in the conference? I really appreciate your kindness. Thank you!

Best regards,

[redacted]

Make yourself more valuable

- Every top 20 CS MS/PhD program has their students reading papers in OS classes and every instructor at UCR teaches similar sets of materials
- You have to compete with them when you're on the market
- You need some context to prove that you're also geeky enough to be one of their colleagues

<https://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2017/04/18/presidential-executive-order-buy-american-and-hire-american>

supersede or revise previous rules and guidance if appropriate, to protect the interests of United States workers in the administration of our immigration system, including through the prevention of fraud or abuse.

(b) In order to promote the proper functioning of the H-1B visa program, the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, as soon as practicable, suggest reforms to help ensure that H-1B visas are awarded to the **most-skilled or highest-paid** petition beneficiaries.

Sec. 6. General Provisions. (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

Academic honesty

- Don't cheat.
 - Cheating on a test will get you an F in the class and no option to drop, and a visit with your college dean.
 - Cheating on project means you don't have to turn them in any more, but you don't get points either. You will also take at least 25% penalty on the exam grades.
- Copying solutions/code of the internet or a solutions manual is cheating — we do random sampling, we do check/compare all coding projects
- When in doubt, ask.
- Final grading is based your **relative ranking** in class — **if you help people cheat, you hurt yourself**



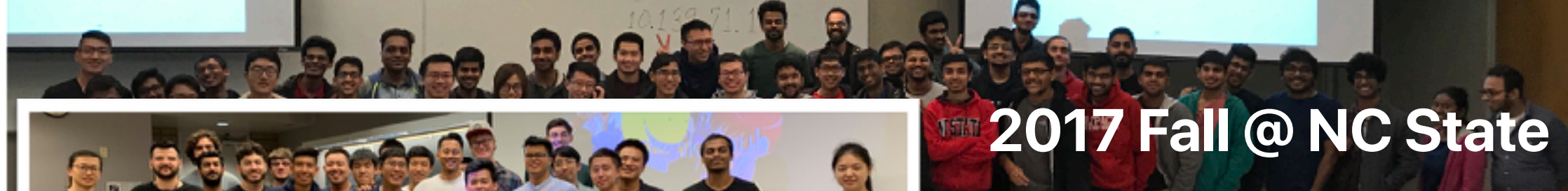
Background music: We're Not Gonna Take It/ Songwriter(s): Dee Snider/Performed by Twisted Sister

Term of Service

- CS202 is an operating system related class for graduate students. It's not our responsibility to recap everything that should be covered by an undergraduate operating system class from a regular computer science undergraduate program.
- This class requires intensive readings in research papers and the assigned textbook.
- This class requires you to speak and discuss your opinion with your classmates as well as the instructor.
- This class requires programming projects that uses the C programming language. It is your responsibility to learn how to program in C. It is also your responsibility to design the architecture, implementation details and tests for your coding projects.
- The instructor and course staffs reserve the right to refuse to answer inappropriate questions (e.g. directly telling if an answer is right or not).
- It is your responsibility to track the latest schedule, information, grades and materials from our course website, e-mails from the course staffs and the piazza forum.
- Any cheating will be treated seriously. You will get an F and we will report to the Dean's office



By clicking this box, you are agreeing to the Terms and Conditions of CSC 501-001, Fall 2018.



2017 Fall @ NC State



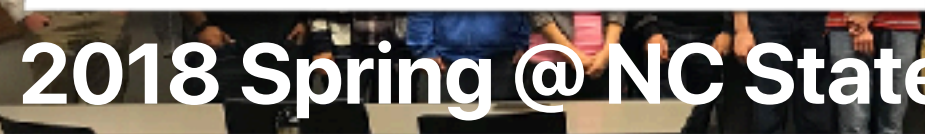
2017 Spring @ NC State



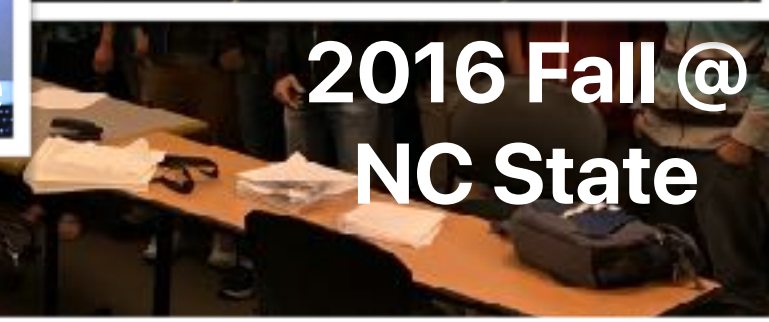
2019 Summer I @ UCSD



2018 Fall @ NC State



2018 Spring @ NC State



2016 Fall @ NC State



2019 Spring @ NC State



You

2020 Winter @ UCR



2019 Fall @ UCR



2019 Summer I @ UCSD



2019 Fall @ UCR



2016 Spring @ UCSD



2014 Summer @ UCSD



2012 Summer @ UCSD



Announcement

- The first reading quiz due this Thursday before class!
- Please have your “Poll everywhere” app ready and login before the next lecture