

# Optimizing Our Design! (II)

Prof. Usagi

# Recap: Boolean Laws/Theorems

	OR	AND
<b>Associative laws</b>	$(a+b)+c=a+(b+c)$	$(a \cdot b) \cdot c=a \cdot (b \cdot c)$
<b>Commutative laws</b>	$a+b=b+a$	$a \cdot b=b \cdot a$
<b>Distributive laws</b>	$a+(b \cdot c)=(a+b) \cdot (a+c)$	$a \cdot (b+c)=a \cdot b+a \cdot c$
<b>Identity laws</b>	$a+0=a$	$a \cdot 1=a$
<b>Complement laws</b>	$a+a'=1$	$a \cdot a'=0$
<b>DeMorgan's Theorem</b>	$(a + b)' = a'b'$	$a'b' = (a + b)'$
<b>Covering Theorem</b>	$a(a+b) = a+ab = a$	$ab + ab' = (a+b)(a+b') = a$
<b>Consensus Theorem</b>	$ab+ac+b'c = ab+b'c$	$(a+b)(a+c)(b'+c) = (a+b)(b'+c)$
<b>Uniting Theorem</b>	$a(b + b') = a$	$(a+b) \cdot (a+b')=a$
<b>Shannon's Expansion</b>	$f(a,b,c) = a'b' + bc + ab'c$ $f(a,b,c) = a f(1, b, c) + a' f(0, b, c)$	

# Recap: How many "OR"s?

- For the truth table shown on the right, what's the minimum number of "OR" gates we need?

A. 1  $F(A, B, C) =$

B. 2  $A'B'C' + A'B'C + A'BC' + A'BC + AB'C' + ABC'$

C. 3  $= A'B'(C' + C) + A'B(C' + C) + AC'(B' + B)$

D. 4  $= A'B' + A'B + AC'$

E. 5  $= A' + AC' = A'(1+C') + AC' \quad \text{Distributive Laws}$

$$= A' + A'C' + AC'$$

$$= A' + (A'+A)C'$$

$$= A' + C'$$

**How can I know this!!!**

Input			Output
A	B	C	
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

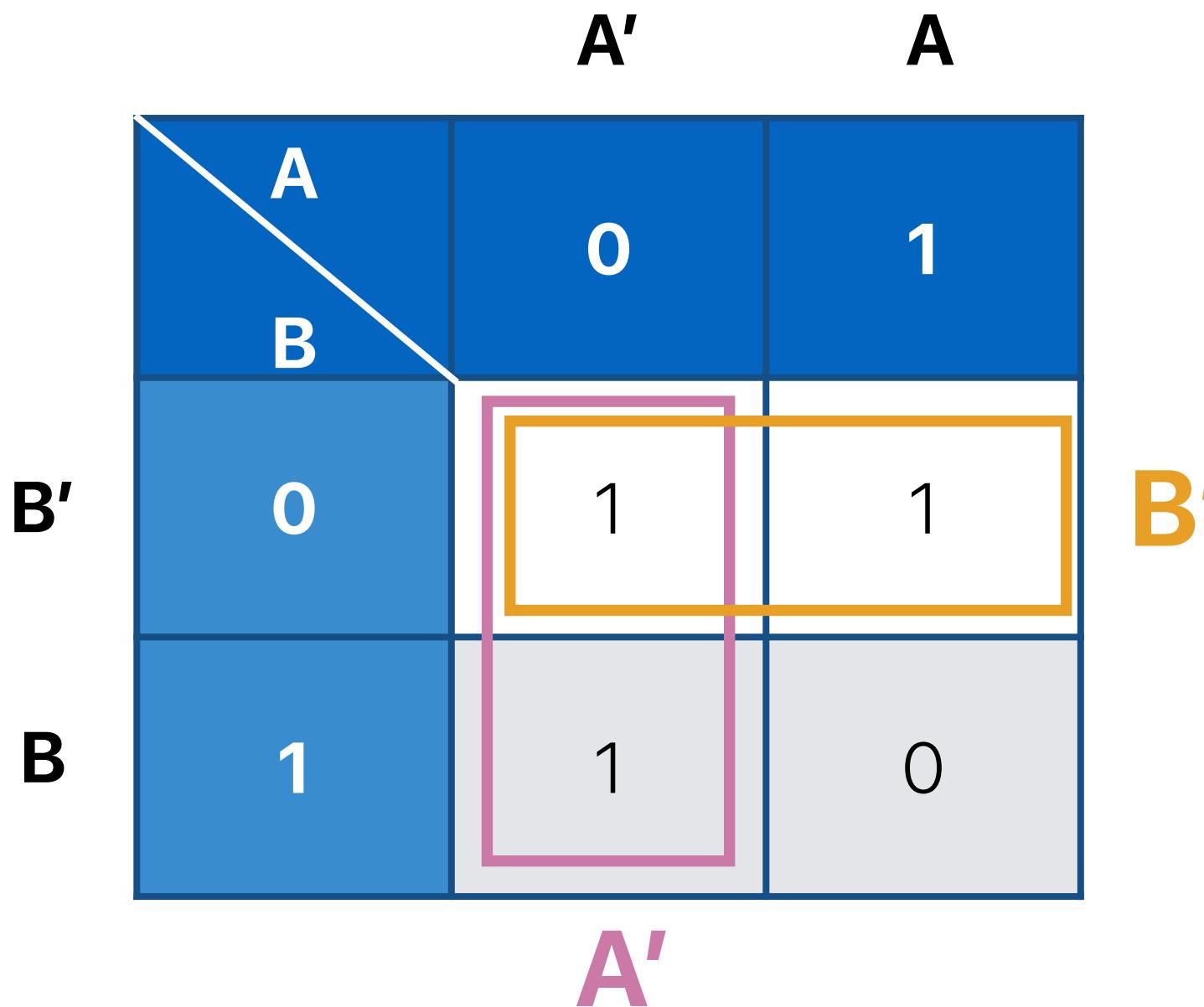
# Recap: Karnaugh maps

- Alternative to truth-tables to help visualize adjacencies
- Guide to applying the uniting theorem
- Steps
  - Create a 2-D truth table with input variables on each dimension, and adjacent column(j)/row(i) only change one bit in the variable.
  - Fill each (i,j) with the corresponding result in the truth table
  - Identify ON-set (all 1s) with size of power of 2 (i.e., 1, 2, 4, 8, ... ) and “unite” them terms together (i.e. finding the “common literals” in their minterms)
  - Find the “minimum cover” that covers all 1s in the graph
  - Sum with the united product terms of all minimum cover ON-sets



# Recap: 2-variable K-map example

Input		Output
A	B	
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

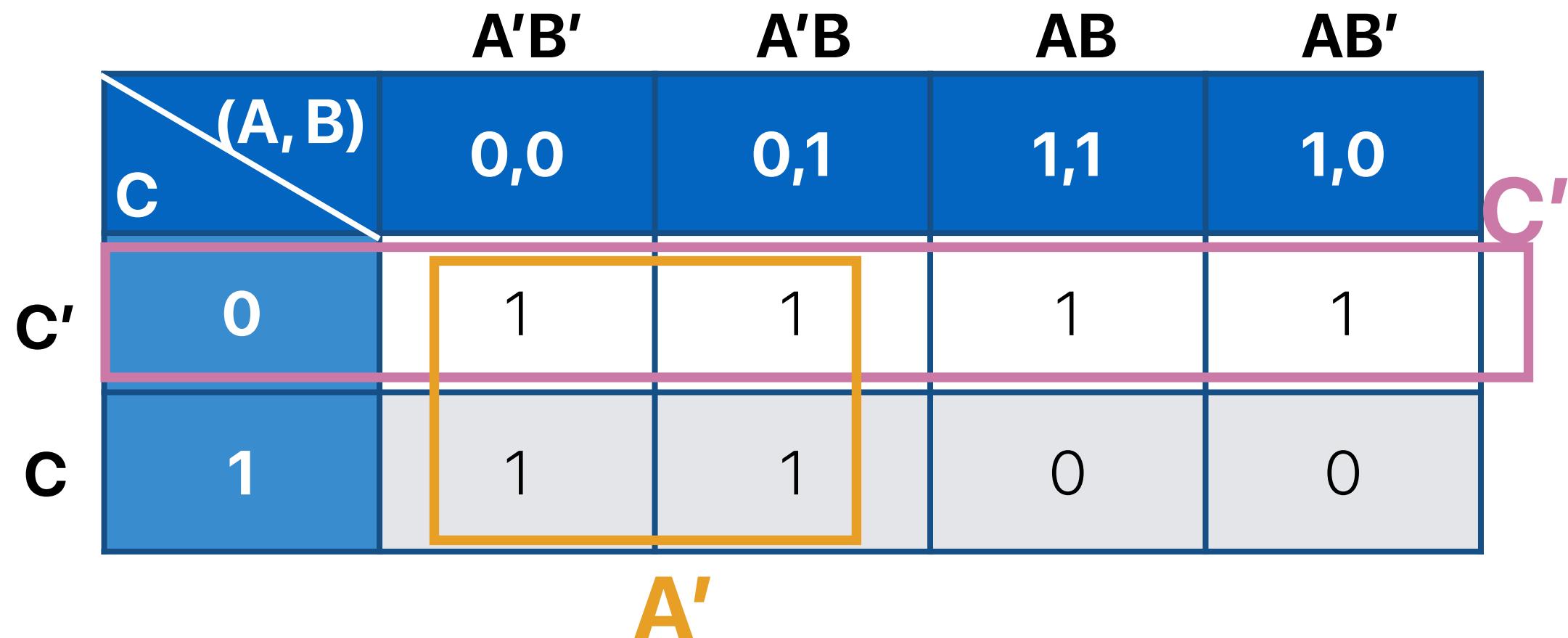


$$F(A, B) = A' + B'$$

# Recap: 3-variable K-map?

- Reduce to 2-variable K-map — 1 dimension will represent two variables
- Adjacent points should differ by only 1 bit
  - So we only change one variable in the neighboring column
  - 00, 01, 11, 10 — such numbering scheme is so-called **Gray-code**

Input			Output
A	B	C	
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0



$$_6 F(A, B, C) = A' + C'$$

# Valid K-Maps

- How many of the followings are “valid” K-Maps?

(1)

	0,0	0,1	1,1	1,0
0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	0

(2)

	0,1	1,1	1,0	0,0
0	1	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1

(3)

	1,1	1,0	0,1	0,0
0	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1

(4)

	0,0	0,1	1,0	1,1
0	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3
- E. 4

# Valid K-Maps

• How many of the followings are “valid” K-Maps?

(1) ✓

	0,0	0,1	1,1	1,0
0	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	0

(2) ✓

	0,1	1,1	1,0	0,0
0	1	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1

(3)

	1,1	1,0	0,1	0,0
0	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1

(4)

	0,0	0,1	1,0	1,1
0	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

E. 4

# Recap: Minimum SOP for a full adder

- Minimum number of SOP terms to cover the “Out” function for a one-bit full adder?

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

E. 5

	$A'B'$	$A'B$	$AB$	$AB'$
$Out(A, B)$	0,0	0,1	1,1	1,0
$Cin'$	0	0	1	0
$Cin$	1	1	0	1

Input			Output	
A	B	Cin	Out	Cout
0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1

# Outline

- More on Karnaugh maps
- Design examples

# Minimum SOP for a full adder

- Minimum number of SOP terms to cover the “Cout” function for a one-bit full adder?
  - 1
  - 2
  - 3
  - 4
  - 5

Input			Output	
A	B	Cin	Out	Cout
0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1

# Minimum SOP for a full adder

- Minimum number of SOP terms to cover the “Cout” function for a one-bit full adder?

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

E. 5

	$A'B'$	$A'B$	$AB$	$AB'$	
$Out(A, B)$	0,0	0,1	1,1	1,0	
$Cin'$	0	0	1	0	
$Cin$	1	0	1	1	

BCin                    AB                    ACin

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Input			Output	
A	B	Cin	Out	Cout
0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1

# Minimum SOP terms

- What's the minimum sum-of-products expression of the given truth table?
  - A.  $A'B'C' + A'BC' + A'BC + AB'C'$
  - B.  $A'B'C + AB + AC$
  - C.  $AB'C' + B'C'$
  - D.  $A'B + B'C'$
  - E.  $A'C' + A'B + AB'C'$

Input			Output
A	B	C	
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0

# Minimum SOP terms

- What's the minimum sum-of-products expression of the given truth table?

A.  $A'B'C' + A'BC' + A'BC + AB'C'$

B.  $A'B'C + AB + AC$

C.  $AB'C' + B'C'$

**D.  $A'B + B'C'$**

E.  $A'C' + A'B + AB'C'$

	$A'B'$	$A'B$	$AB$	$AB'$	
$C$	$(A, B)$	0,0	0,1	1,1	1,0
$C'$	0	1	1	0	1
$C$	1	0	1	0	0
	$A'B$				$B'C'$

Input			Output
A	B	C	
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0

# 4-variable K-map

- Reduce to 2-variable K-map — both dimensions will represent two variables
- Adjacent points should differ by only 1 bit
  - So we only change one variable in the neighboring column
  - Use Gray-coding — 00, 01, 11, 10

	A'B'	A'B	AB	AB'
A'B'C'	00	01	11	10
C'D'	00	1	0	0
C'D	01	1	0	0
CD	11	0	0	0
CD'	10	1	0	0

**B'CD'**

$$F(A, B, C) = A'B'C' + B'CD'$$

# 4-variable K-map

- What's the minimum sum-of-products expression of the given K-map?
  - $B'C' + A'B'$
  - $B'C'D' + A'B' + B'C'D'$
  - $A'B'CD' + B'C'$
  - $AB' + A'B' + A'B'D'$
  - $B'C' + A'CD'$

	$A'B'$	$A'B$	$AB$	$AB'$	
$C'D'$	00	1	0	0	1
$C'D$	01	1	0	0	1
$CD$	11	0	0	0	0
$CD'$	10	1	1	0	0

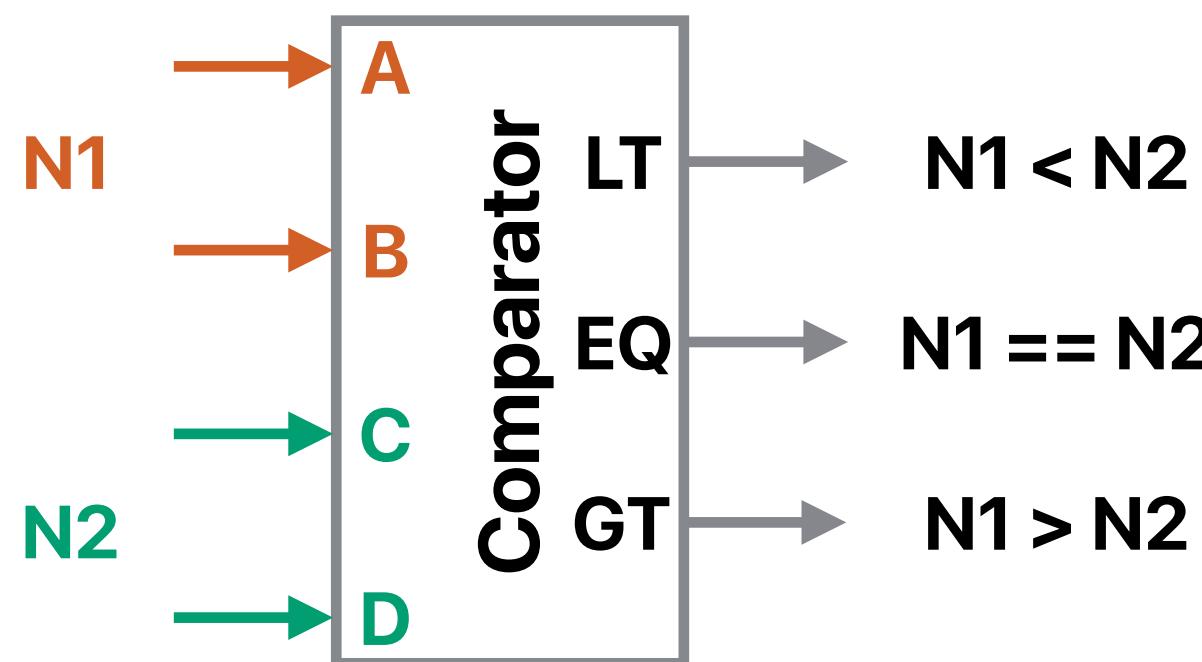
# 4-variable K-map

- What's the minimum sum-of-products expression of the given K-map?
  - $B'C' + A'B'$
  - $B'C'D' + A'B' + B'C'D'$
  - $A'B'CD' + B'C'$
  - $AB' + A'B' + A'B'D'$
  - $B'C' + A'CD'$

	$A'B'$	$A'B$	$AB$	$AB'$
$B'C'$	00	00	01	11
$C'D'$	00	1	0	0
$C'D$	01	1	0	0
$CD$	11	0	0	0
$CD'$	10	1	1	0
$A'CD'$				0

# **Design Example: 2bit comparator**

# Two-bit comparator



We'll need a 4-variable Karnaugh map for each of the 3 output functions

Input				Output		
A	B	C	D	LT	EQ	GT
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0

## LT?

- What's the minimum SOP presentation of LT?
  - $A'B'D' + AC' + BCD$
  - $A'B'D + A'C + B'CD$
  - $A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D + ABCD + AB'CD'$
  - $ABCD + AB'CD' + A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D$
  - $BC'D' + AC' + ABD'$

Input				Output		
A	B	C	D	LT	EQ	GT
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0

# LT?

- What's the minimum SOP presentation of LT?
  - $A'B'D' + AC' + BCD$
  - $A'B'D + A'C + B'CD$
  - $A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D + ABCD + AB'CD'$
  - $ABCD + AB'CD' + A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D$
  - $BC'D' + AC' + ABD'$

	$A'B'$	$A'B$	$AB$	$AB'$
$C'D'$	00	01	11	10
$C'D$	00	01	10	11
$CD$	11	10	11	01
$CD'$	10	01	00	00
	$A'C$			$B'CD$

The Karnaugh map shows the function  $A'B'D$  highlighted in green. Other terms are shown in yellow boxes:  $A'B'D$ ,  $A'C$ , and  $B'CD$ . The term  $AC'$  is highlighted in pink.

Input				Output		
A	B	C	D	LT	EQ	GT
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0

# GT?

- What's the minimum SOP presentation of GT?
  - $A'B'D' + AC' + BCD$
  - $A'B'D + A'C + B'CD$
  - $A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D + ABCD + AB'CD'$
  - $ABCD + AB'CD' + A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D$
  - $BC'D' + AC' + ABD'$

Input				Output		
A	B	C	D	LT	EQ	GT
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0

# GT?

- What's the minimum SOP presentation of GT?
  - $A'B'D' + AC' + BCD$
  - $A'B'D + A'C + B'CD$
  - $A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D + ABCD + AB'CD'$
  - $ABCD + AB'CD' + A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D$
  - $BC'D' + AC' + ABD'$

	$A'B'$	$A'B$	$AB$	$AB'$	
$C'D'$	00	01	11	10	$AC'$
$C'D$	00	01	11	10	$BC'D$
$CD$	11	00	00	00	
$CD'$	10	00	11	00	$ABD'$

Input				Output		
A	B	C	D	LT	EQ	GT
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0

# EQ?

- What's the minimum SOP presentation of EQ?
  - $A'B'D' + AC' + BCD$
  - $A'B'D + A'C + B'CD$
  - $A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D + ABCD + AB'CD'$
  - $A'BCD' + A'B'CD' + A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D$
  - $BC'D' + AC' + ABD'$

Input				Output		
A	B	C	D	LT	EQ	GT
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0

# EQ?

- What's the minimum SOP presentation of EQ?
  - $A'B'D' + AC' + BCD$
  - $A'B'D + A'C + B'CD$
  - $A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D + ABCD + AB'CD'$
  - $A'BCD' + A'B'CD' + A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D$
  - $BC'D' + AC' + ABD'$

	$A'B'$	$A'B$	$AB$	$AB'$
$C'D'$	00	01	11	10
$C'D$	00	1	0	0
$CD$	01	0	1	0
$CD'$	10	0	0	1

Input				Output		
A	B	C	D	LT	EQ	GT
0	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	0

# Don't cares!



# Incompletely Specified Functions

- Situations where the output of a function can be either 0 or 1 for a particular combination of inputs
- This is specified by a don't care in the truth table
- This happens when
  - The input does not occur. e.g. Decimal numbers 0... 9 use 4 bits, so (1,1,1,1) does not occur.
  - The input may happen but we don't care about the output. E.g. The output driving a seven segment display – we don't care about illegal inputs (greater than 9)

**Don't care**

A	0	1
B	0	0
0	0	0
1	1	X

# K-Map with "Don't Care"s

You can treat "X" as either 0 or 1  
— depending on which is more advantageous

		A'B'	A'B	AB	AB'	
		(A, B)	0,0	0,1	1,1	1,0
		C	0	0 1	1	1
		C'	1	0 X	1	1
		C	1	1	0	0

$A'B' \quad A'C \quad A'C'$

If we treat the "X" as 0?

$$F(A,B,C) = A'B' + A'C + AC'$$

If we treat the "X" as 1?

$$F(A,B,C) = C' + A'C$$

# 4-input K-Maps with Don't Cares

- How many of the following could be a valid for the given K-map?

- ①  $C'D + A'CD + A'BC$
- ②  $C'D + A'D + A'BC$
- ③  $C'D + A'CD$
- ④  $A'D + B'C'D + A'BCD'$

- A. 0  
B. 1  
C. 2  
D. 3  
E. 4

	$A'B'$	$A'B$	$AB$	$AB'$
$C'D'$	00	0	0	0
$C'D$	01	1	1	x
$CD$	11	1	x	0
$CD'$	10	0	1	0

# 4-input K-Maps with Don't Cares

- How many of the following could be a valid for the given K-map?

①  $C'D + A'CD + A'BC$

②  $C'D + A'D + A'BC$

③  $C'D + A'CD$

~~④  $A'D + B'C'D + A'BCD'$~~

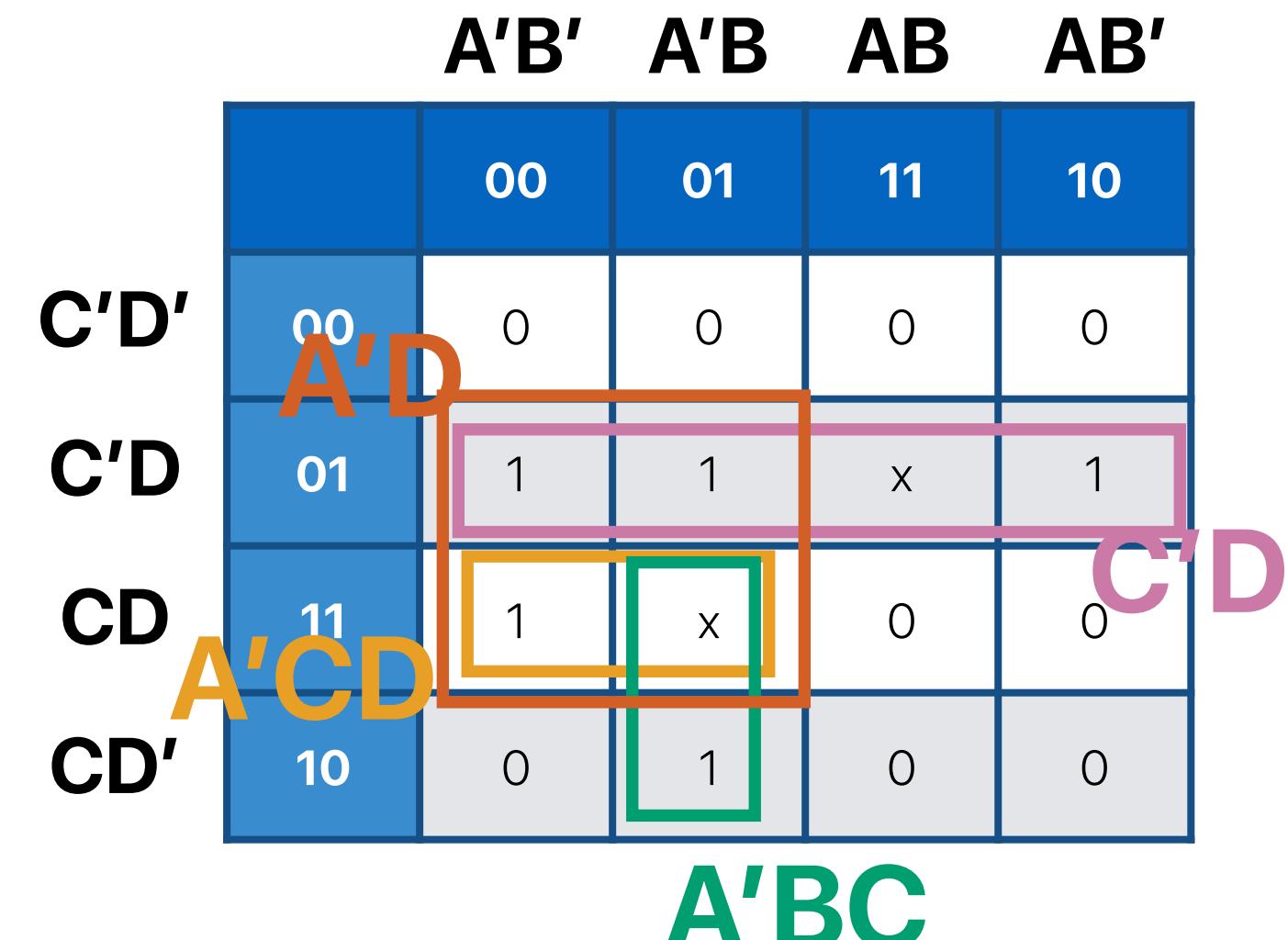
A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

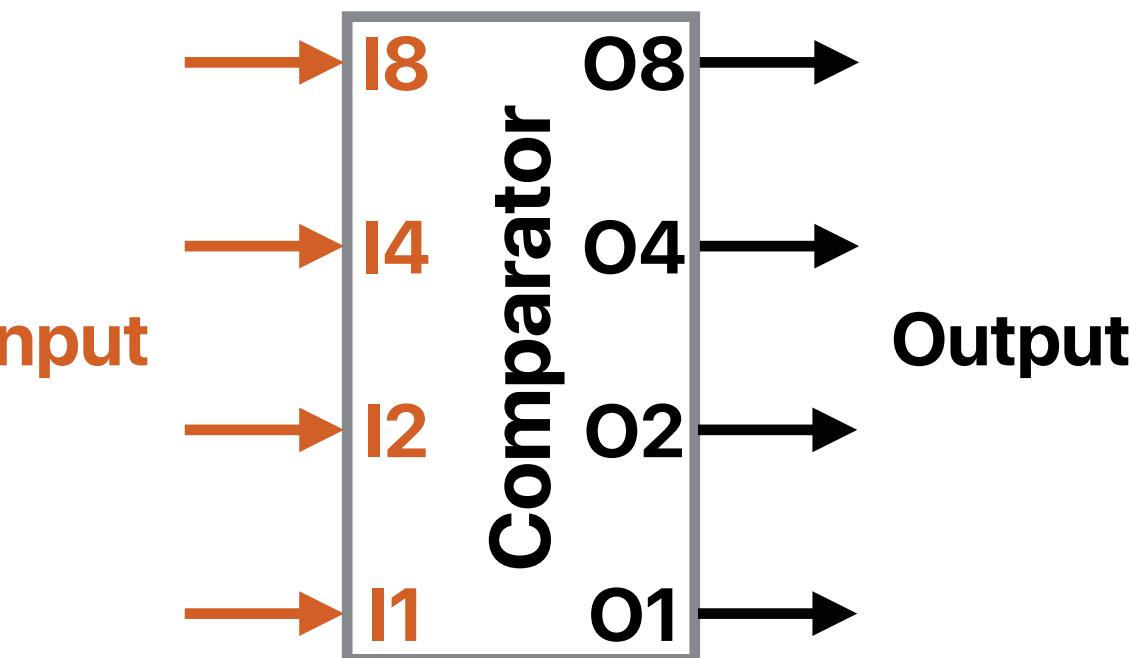
E. 4



# **Design examples — BCD + 1**

# BCD+1 — Binary coded decimal + 1

- 0x0 — 1
- 0x1 — 2
- 0x2 — 3
- 0x3 — 4
- 0x4 — 5
- 0x5 — 6
- 0x6 — 7
- 0x7 — 8
- 0x8 — 9
- 0x9 — 0
- 0xA — 0xF — Don't care



Input				Output			
I8	I4	I2	I1	O8	O4	O2	O1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	X	X	X	X
1	0	1	1	X	X	X	X
1	1	0	0	X	X	X	X
1	1	0	1	X	X	X	X
1	1	1	0	X	X	X	X
1	1	1	1	X	X	X	X

# K-maps

Input				Output			
I8	I4	I2	I1	O8	O4	O2	O1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	X	X	X	X
1	0	1	1	X	X	X	X
1	1	0	0	X	X	X	X
1	1	0	1	X	X	X	X
1	1	1	0	X	X	X	X
1	1	1	1	X	X	X	X

O8	I8'I4'	I8'I4	I8I4	I8I4'	
	00	01	11	10	
I2'I1'	00	0	0	X	1
I2'I1	01	0	0	X	0
I2I1	11	0	1	X	X
I2I1'	10	0	0	X	X

O2	I8'I4'	I8'I4	I8I4	I8I4'	
	00	01	11	10	
I2'I1'	00	0	0	X	0
I2'I1	01	1	1	X	0
I2I1	11	0	0	X	X
I2I1'	10	1	1	X	X

O4	I8'I4'	I8'I4	I8I4	I8I4'	
	00	01	11	10	
I2'I1'	00	0	1	X	0
I2'I1	01	0	1	X	0
I2I1	11	1	0	X	X
I2I1'	10	0	1	X	X

O1	I8'I4'	I8'I4	I8I4	I8I4'	
	00	01	11	10	
I2'I1'	00	1	1	X	1
I2'I1	01	0	0	X	0
I2I1	11	0	0	X	X
I2I1'	10	1	1	X	X

# 5-variable KMaps?

	000	001	011	010	110	100	101	111	
00	0	0	X	1	0	0	1		$AB'CD'$
01	0	0	X	0	0	0	1	X	
11	0	1	X	X	X	1	0	X	
10	0	0	X	X	X	0	1	X	

# 6-variable KMap?

	000	001	011	010	110	100	101	111
000	0	0	X	1	0	0	1	X
001	0	0	X	0	0	0	1	X
011	0	1	X	X	X	1	0	X
010	0	0	X	X	X	0	1	X
110	1	1	X	X	1	1	X	X
100	0	0	X	0	1	1	X	1
101	1	1	X	0	0	0	X	0
111	0	0	X	X	0	0	X	X

**AC'DF'**

# Announcement

- Assignment 1 due 4/14
  - Submit on zyBooks.com directly — all challenge questions up to 2.2
- Lab 2 due 4/16
  - Watch the video and read the instruction BEFORE your session
  - There are links on both course webpage and iLearn lab section
  - Submit through iLearn > Labs
- Reading quiz 4 due 4/21 **BEFORE** the lecture
  - Under iLearn > reading quizzes
- Assignment 2 due 4/23
  - Submit on zyBooks.com directly — all challenge questions 2.3-3.4
- Lab 3 due 4/30
  - Watch the video and read the instruction BEFORE your session
  - There are links on both course webpage and iLearn lab section
  - Submit through iLearn > Labs

# Electrical Computer Science Engineering

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